

1918	APRIL	1918
SUN	MON	TUE
1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9
10	11	12
13	14	15
16	17	18
19	20	21
22	23	24
25	26	27
28	29	30

THE BEST TOWN, THE BEST PEOPLE AND THE BEST CLIMATE---THAT'S ST. CLOUD

St. Cloud Tribune

ST. CLOUD TEMPERATURE

	Min.	Max.
April 4	66	89
April 5	62	80
April 6	63	78
April 7	60	80
April 8	61	82
April 9	56	75
April 10	52	73

VOLUME 9, NUMBER 33. EIGHT PAGES THIS WEEK.

ST. CLOUD, OSCEOLA COUNTY, FLORIDA, THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1918.

\$2.00 A YEAR.

FIVE CENTS THE COPY.

Liberty Bond Issue Heavily Subscribed First Day of Drive

With towns all over the country reporting their quotas already oversubscribed it now seems certain that the three billion dollar liberty loan campaign which started last Saturday will far exceed in subscriptions the amount set as the minimum and several million dollars in excess called for, which under the act authorizing the issue allows all oversubscriptions to be taken.

St. Cloud's sales of liberty bonds in the third loan, up to this morning at nine o'clock totaled only \$3,250, but inquiries have been made at the Bank of Saint Cloud in regard to the purchase of several thousand dollars more, and it is predicted that before the close of the campaign this city will have subscribed more than its quota of the third issue of bonds. St. Cloud bought heavily of both the first and second issues and has kept in the lead on sales of thrift stamps.

Three billion dollars, together with all oversubscriptions, is to be the amount of the third liberty loan, the big drive for the sale of which was begun and whistles blowing throughout the country last Saturday, with bells ringing the nation. The interest rate will be 4 1/4 per cent on the new issue, and bonds of the first and second liberty loan issues may be exchanged for the third issue, but none of the first three issues will be exchanged for future issues according to Secretary McAdoo.

Secretary McAdoo, writing from a town in North Carolina Tuesday evening urged that the number of sub-

scribers be as large as possible, stating that it was desired to have over twenty million people buy bonds in the third loan and this was as desirable as to see the three billion issue heavily oversubscribed.

Buy Back Bonds on Market.

In connection with the loan, the secretary plans to establish a sinking fund with which to purchase back any bonds of the third loan thrown upon the market, in order to aid in keeping the price up to par.

The action of congress in making the third issue non-convertible, is thought to indicate that the government has set 4 1/4 per cent as the maximum interest that will be paid on any future issues, and the plan to establish a sinking fund to buy back bonds that may be placed on the market, will keep the bonds selling at par.

The nation's response to the third call for money to fight the world war for democracy has been highly pleasing to local committees as well as to government officials.

The campaign for the sale of the third issue of liberty bonds will last one month from last Saturday.

Call Issued For 3,350 Men From Florida For Military Service

State headquarters for the selective draft in Florida, at Tallahassee, has issued a call for 3,350 men for military service, the quota to be supplied between April 20 and 30. Of the quota Osceola county is only called on to furnish nineteen men, seven white and twelve colored.

Jacksonville and Duval county will supply 511 men, both white and negro.

Copy of the Order.

A copy of the order pertaining to the drafting of white men follows:

"1. Call No. 130 is hereby announced.

"Between April 20 and April 30 you will complete the enrollment for camp Jackson, S. C., of the number of white men opposite the name of your board on sheet attached hereto.

"2. Only white men physically qualified for general military service are to be inducted under this call.

"3. In filling this call men should be

inducted out of class 1 in sequence of order number, except that the provisions prescribed in circular from this office of March 12 relating to men actively, completely and assiduously engaged in the planting or cultivation of crops should be followed.

(Signed) "EDWARD ANDERSON

"Captain of Infantry, U. S. B. Officer in Charge of Draft for Florida."

While not definitely stated, it is thought that this call for men is for the purpose of filling a shortage in the first quota of men drafted from this state, many of whom were not sent to the training camps because they possessed disabilities and for other reasons.

The call for negroes requires that they enroll between the dates mentioned for Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

No exemption of farm hands among the negroes is allowed in this call.

Wheat Flour Conservation Rules of Federal Food Administrator

(By Braxton Beacham)

Orlando, Fla., April 10--All households shall adopt the maximum ration of wheat products (victory bread, macaroni, wheat breakfast foods, etc.) of one and one-half pounds of flour per person per week. Observance of wheatless days and wheatless meals will aid households in meeting this new requirement.

Public eating places and clubs shall adopt the same ration as is fixed for households, which is practical application of a ration of six pounds of wheat flour for every ninety meals served. In addition they are to not serve any one guest at any one meal more than two ounces of wheat flour in the aggregate of food served.

Wheatless days and meals are compulsory in all public eating places, and will be strictly enforced by local food administrators, who will be empowered to call violators up for hearing when evidence shows that violations have occurred.

Victory bread can be served in public eating places on wheatless days and at wheatless meals as previously allowed but portions of victory bread or other victory products should be limited to a size that gives no more than two ounces of wheat flour per

commission merchants and brokers of the State of Florida are hereby directed to send to Braxton Beacham, Federal Food Administrator, Orlando, Fla., an approximate estimate of the amount of produce, vegetables, fruit and other products of the soil which they are expecting to ship during the next 60 days, setting forth in this report the acreage now planted and the acreage to be planted in crops such as will require quick transportation; the report to include the varieties of crops planted or to be handled, the probable route of shipment, the probable number of refrigerator cars, the probable number of ventilator cars that will be required. This report shall also include the date of probable beginning of extraordinary shipments such as potatoes or other products going out in large quantities, and as far as possible the railroads over which shipments will be sent. No fixed form of report need be used, but written statements from farmers and others will be sufficient to furnish the information required and necessary for the proper handling of transportation problems of the immediate future. The reports required under this order must be furnished to the Federal Food Administrator at Orlando not later than April 15.

As is generally known, water surfaces warm slowly under the direct rays of the sun and also cool slowly in the absence of direct solar radiation, resulting in a comparatively uniform temperature condition. The marine influence of our ocean surroundings is manifest in Florida at all times, giving our state the most equable climate in the country except that it is jarred occasionally by the edge of northern cold waves.

All farmers, truck growers, shippers

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

YOUR TOWN AND YOU

If you want to live in the kind of a town
Like the kind of a town you like,
You needn't slip your clothes in a grip
And start on a long, long hike.
You'll only find what you left behind,
For there's nothing that's really new.
It's a knock at yourself when you knock
your town—
It's not your town—it's you.

Real towns are not made by men afraid
Lest somebody else get ahead;
When every one works and nobody shirks,
You can raise a town from the dead.
And if while you make your personal stake
Your neighbor can make one, too.
Your town will be what you want to see.
It isn't your town—it's you.

—Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce.

St. Cloud Leads the County in Sales of War Savings Stamps

The war savings and thrift stamp army of Osceola county is now in active service; total sales to date being \$13,820.07. St. Cloud takes the lead; Kissimmee is a close second. Kenansville shows an increase over last week. Lakewood not yet on the map. Sales by the various offices are as follows:

St. Cloud \$6,784.59

Kissimmee 6,691.25

Deer Park 128.98

Kissimmee Park 104.46

Narcoossee \$5.54

Kenansville 25.84
Lakewood 00
Total \$13,820.07

We are pleased to announce the appointment of Mrs. J. Wesley Brown, of Kissimmee as chairman of the Women's Department of Osceola County, and confidently expect that this department will soon become an important factor in the sale of War Savings and Thrift Stamps.

D. G. WAGNER, Chairman.

Osceola County War Savings Com.

Three Graduates From St. Cloud High School For Term Near Close

There will be three graduates from the St. Cloud High School at the close of the term next month when appropriate exercises will be held for the occasion.

Misses Pearl Bass, Kathleen Goff and Elizabeth Farr are the three young ladies to complete their high school courses this year. The following invitation is being prepared for the commencement exercises:

"The Senior Class of the St. Cloud High School, requests your presence

at the Commencement Exercises, on Thursday, May ninth, at eight o'clock Grand Army Hall.

Class motto: "Only a Commencement." Class colors: pink and gold.

Class flower, pink rose.

Class Roll: Elizabeth Brisbane, Pearl Pearl Bass, Kathleen Maurine Goff.

"High School Faculty: N. H. Ballard, principal; Mrs. Laura Lee, assistant principal; Miss Kate M. Caplinger."

SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS JUNE 11TH

Summer schools for teachers are announced by W. N. Sheets, state superintendent of schools, to begin June 17. The schools will be conducted under state auspices, two for whites and one for negroes. The white schools will be held in the University at Gainesville and the Florida State College for Women in Tallahassee. The school for negroes will be conducted in the Agricultural and Mechanical College in Tallahassee.

On Monday, August 12, examination for all grades of certificates will be held by the state board of examiners. The Board of Control has made available vocational, professional and advanced courses for all desiring the same. The schools will be entirely free for all able vocational, professional and advanced teachers. Each school may collect a registration fee of \$1. A nominal fee will be charged for tuition in music and commercial subjects. The dormitories and dining halls will be open to accommodate all who may attend.

The primary purpose of the summer schools is to assist all persons desiring better educational equipment, improved methods of instruction, and to raise the grades of their present certificates as well as incidentally to help those making first attempts to obtain teachers' certificates.

Whether you are living in a house or a home depends upon you.

THE Ministerial Association recalls its request for a change of hours for the services of the Lord's Day. Beginning with April 14th the same hours customary at this time of the year will be followed, namely,

Bible School 9:30 a. m.

Young People 6:30 a. m.

Preaching 10:30 p. m.

Preaching 7:30 p. m.

The above hours are on the new time.

J. K. Conn Assumes Duties of Mayor; Crawford Again Selected Attorney

J. K. Conn took the oath of office before W. G. King Monday and assumed his duties as mayor of St. Cloud, presiding over the meeting of the council held Monday. His first official duties were administering the oath of office to Fred B. Kenney, as clerk and tax collector, and to D. H. Gill as tax assessor and auditor for another term.

Wm. Montsodeca was re-appointed as marshal at the meeting of the city council Monday, his services having proven entirely satisfactory in the past and no other names were proposed for this place.

A resolution employing W. B. Crawford as attorney for the city during the coming year was passed at the meeting Monday by unanimous vote. Mr. Crawford has served the city for

the past two years and has handled many matters of importance to the city during his term.

D. H. Gill was named mayor pro tem for the ensuing year.

Outside the installation of the newly elected officers and appointees mentioned, but little business other than routine was before the council. Monthly bills were allowed and adjournment taken until the next regular meeting.

ASK THAT DONEGAN'S BOND BE INCREASED IN THE INJUNCTION CASE OF TWO WEEKS AGO

Attorneys for the Bankers Financing Co. have entered a motion in the Circuit court in the case of the Bankers Financing Co. vs. A. E. Donegan, wherein Donegan secured a restraining order, asking that the bond of Donegan be increased. This motion is to be argued by the attorneys for both sides before the court.

Three hours after the Tribune had gone to press with the issue of last week the following telegram was received from Attorney Dodge, representing the Bankers Financing Co.:

"C. F. Johnson, St. Cloud, Fla. 'The present decision of Judge Perkins does not in any way affect the merits of this case and simply means the same will go to trial upon the evidence to be submitted by each side, and

as counsel for the Bankers Financing Co., we are ready to prove the statements made in our answer and feel confident of the final outcome.

JNO. W. DODGE."

This is in conformity with the statement of the Tribune of last week that the case would not be decided on evidence that would be introduced by both sides. The first lawyers' skirmish secured for Donegan the restraining order and the judge overruled the demand of the attorneys for the Bankers' Financing Co., and refused to dissolve the injunction, and now the case will proceed to a full trial. Bond in the sum of \$500 was given by Donegan when the temporary restraining order was granted, and this is now asked to be increased by the attorneys for the Bankers' Financing Co.

Three Prizes To Be Awarded to Students in St. Cloud Schools

As announced through the Tribune shortly after the opening of the public schools of St. Cloud for this term, three prizes will be awarded at the close of the term in May. The prizes will be awarded by the faculty for the pupils making the best grades in the primary department, the grammar school and the high school, and a medal will be awarded to the class in the high school making the best average for the term, this medal to be kept

by such class so long as they maintain the high record through school.

The medals or prizes have been donated as follows: For the high school, by Dr. L. C. Riddle; for the grammar school, by Dr. O. L. Buckmaster; for the primary grades by C. F. Johnson.

Students who have been undergoing final examinations will be interested to know that arrangements are being made this week to have these medals ready for the closing of the school.

New England Society Adjourns Until Second Tues. in November

The New England Society met in the upper G. A. R. hall Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The meeting opened with President Adams in the chair. Opening song, "America," followed by a prayer by Chaplain Biggs. After some remarks by the president, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved by the secretary Mrs. Mary Doughty. The treasurer's report was then read by Miss Eppie. Mr. Harvey also reported on the picnic transportation.

It was agreed by motion, not to hold any more meetings of the Society until the second Tuesday in November.

Violin selection, by Comrade Stevens accompanied on piano by Mrs. Minnie Barber.

By request, Mr. White recited an original poem on "New England."

Song—"The Deathless Army," by Mr. Nason, who responded to an encore with "The Resbury." Mrs. Morgan accompanied Mr. Nason with piano music.

Mr. Richardson favored the Society with an interesting description of Camp Devens at Ayer, Mass.

Song—"Comin' Thru' th' Rye," by Mrs. A. E. Doughty.

Mrs. Doughty also sang "Robin Adair," to a piano accompaniment by Mrs. Barber.

Recitations by Mr. Albert Daugherty. Violin selection by Mr. Jones, accompanied by Mrs. Barber.

Recitation by Mr. McKay, "Why I Left the Farm."

Reading by President Adams, "Make One More Gun For Me."

Piano solo, Mrs. Barber.

The members and visitors present then joined in singing the "Star Spangled Banner," after which adjournment was taken until the second Tuesday in November.

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

the second Tuesday in November, since so many of the members go north for the summer. The meeting was then turned over to Mrs. White, in charge of the program, which was rendered as follows:

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Doing just enough to "get by" is not the right course to promotion, prosperity and reputation.

MONEY SAVING PRICES

On Flour, Grain and Feed Fruit and Vegetable Cates

You Can Buy From Us at Wholesale Prices

Write for Price List

W. A. Merryday Company
Palatka, Florida



W. B. MAKINSON CO.

HARDWARE SASH & DOORS

The Paint to use is DEVORE LEAD and ZINC. It stands the test of time.

FLORENCE OIL STOVES
give satisfaction. We guarantee them.

ICE BOXES AND REFRIGERATORS
Now is the time to buy.

BEGINNING APRIL 8, STORE OPENS 6:15 A. M.,
Closes 6 P. M., SATURDAYS, 8 P. M.

St. Cloud, Fla.

FROM OUR SOLDIERS AND OUR SAILORS

Comrade Scarr, of this city has received the following letter from his nephew "Jimmie" Scarr, who is in the ranks of Uncle Sam:

Dear Mother: (The sky is fine and clear and blue tonight—an immense blue star-dotted dome—I wish you could see it. The ground is beginning to dry out, and for the last few days the air has been warm as spring. It's fine.

For over three weeks we have had mud three feet deep, and during all that time I scarcely knew what it was to wear shoes. Always in rubber hip-boots. The jitneys had to stop running because they could not get over us, even to the edge of camp. But what do we care! It only serves to make us appreciate a day like this the more.

So much wet put the camp in pretty bad shape. No wagon had less than four mules, and some as many as eight. At that many stuck fast and had to be unloaded. It was hard on the animals. They fell down, got all muddled up in the harness, balked, and were nearly all worn out. Such conditions are not pleasing, but Uncle Sam's work must go on, so all of us (mules and all) had to keep plugging.

But when we are on a job like this hardships are really needed to harden us for the more serious work that is to come "over there." Serving one's country when one is called, without hardship, seems like not giving anything. It would seem like taking a job in a machine shop and wearing white kid gloves on the job. We like to feel that we are giving something in the way of sacrifice to show our loyalty and love of our country, quite as much as when we bring to pass the ends for which we serve.

Perhaps you may catch my meaning if you can picture us standing "retreat" knee-deep in mud in the pelting snow or driving rain, and feel the thrill that runs up and down a man's spine as the strain of "The Star Spangled Banner" stiffens every member of us to "attention," make us feel glad to be just here and under just these conditions. It means more than to stand retreat in fair weather with everything comfortable and under foot solid ground.

We were inspected today by a colonel from Washington. I was in the parade on my horse. Had a fine time, partly because I had a splendid horse, but mostly because I like my job. My horse is the liveliest one here. He prances, paws the earth, dances! lifts his front feet, holds his head high and never walks. We call him Billy or Pusyfoot. We have been out together many times, but this was the first time since I got my new riding boots and spurs. Yes, I have spurs, though I have yet to earn them.

I am in excellent trim, feeling fine, and I never had a job I like more.

"JIMMIE" SCARR.

CHRISTIAN KLOCK DIES IN THE CALIFORNIA HOME

Comrade P. V. L. Purdy is in receipt of a letter from the governor of the National Soldiers Home at Los Angeles, Cal., advising him that Comrade Christian Klock died at the home on March 31, and was buried there on April 2 with military honors.

Comrade Klock was a member of Co. E, 1st Wisconsin Infantry. He left St. Cloud on February 19th for Seattle, Washington, via the Panama Canal.

Comrade Klock's wife died in this city last summer, and at that time he remarked to Mr. Purdy that he did not feel that it would be long before he would join his wife in death. He has a host of friends in St. Cloud who will regret to learn of his death.

BAPTIST CHURCH NOTES

This church has been having some great services of late. The pastor is preaching able sermons, with four additions to the church last Sunday a week and two last Sunday, after hearing a sermon on Paul's plan of church finance. After the sermon the Lord's supper was administered. Every one present seemed to enjoy all the services.

Next Lord's Day the pastor will give a report of the Southern Baptists work on Foreign Missions at the morning service and the evening service will be a patriotic service. Sunday, April 21, the subject will be "The First Woman's Missionary Society." Come and all and enjoy these services.

a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

ODD FELLOWS TO MEET IN MIAMI, MONDAY, APRIL 15

Sixty-Third Annual Convention in a Three-Day Session

The 63rd annual convention of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows will meet in a three-day session in Miami beginning Monday, April 15. Members from all sections of Florida are expected to attend and matters of much importance will be attended to.

The following is the program: Monday, April 15:—Registration and distribution of badges at Hotel Urney.

10 a. m.—First session of Grand Encampment at I. O. O. F. Hall.

2 p. m., afternoon session.

7:30 p. m., encampment degree work.

Tuesday, April 16:—A. R. McAdam, Master of Ceremonies, A. R. McAdam, Song, "America."

Invocation, Grand Lodge Chaplain, W. J. H. Taylor, Key West, Music.

Welcome address on behalf of the city of Miami, Mayor John W. Watson.

Welcome address on behalf of Fort Dallas Lodge, Rev. Ira E. Adams, N. G.

Welcome address on behalf of Palm Rebekeh Lodge, Mrs. Mitle Rice, P. N. G.

Violin solo, Miss Mann, P. N. G.

Response to welcome addresses on behalf of Grand Lodge, Grand Master C. J. Connally, Jacksonville.

Response to welcome addresses on behalf of Rebekeh assembly, Mrs. Laura A. Walters, president, Arcadia.

Music.

Closing prayer, Rev. Ira E. Adams.

Adjournment: Grand Lodge to First Christian Church; Rebekeh assembly to I. O. O. F. Hall.

10 a. m., opening session of Grand Lodge.

2 p. m., afternoon session of Grand Lodge.

2 p. m., afternoon session of Rebekeh assembly.

7:30 p. m., reception in honor of grand officers and delegates at Hotel Urney.

Wednesday, April 17:—7:30 a. m., automobile ride from headquarters to points of interest in and about the city for Grand Lodge and Rebekeh assembly.

9:30 a. m., morning session of Grand Lodge.

9:30 a. m., morning session of Rebekeh assembly.

2 p. m., afternoon session of Grand Lodge.

2 p. m., afternoon session of Rebekeh assembly.

7:30 p. m., Rebekeh competitive degree work.

No competitive degree work in subordinate lodge.

FLECT OFFICERS AT THE PRESS MEET

R. W. Storrs, of DeFuniak Springs, Is Chosen President for This Year

R. W. Storrs, of DeFuniak Springs, and editor of the DeFuniak Springs Review, was unanimously elected president of the Florida Press Association at its annual convention on Friday. The next annual meeting of this organization will be held in Mt. Dora.

Other officers elected are as follows: T. W. Fitzgerald, of the Daytona Gazette-News, vice-president; T. J. Applegate, of the Tallahassee Record, secretary; Miss Ruby Pearce, of West Palm Beach, treasurer; Gilbert D. Leach, of Leesburg, was named executive agent.

VETERANS' ASSN.

The Veterans Association met at 2 o'clock last Saturday, with Rev. Frank Kenney, president, in the chair; N. W. Beauchamp, vice president, and W. P. Lynch as secretary at their posts.

The meeting opened by singing "America," followed by a prayer by Rev. Fowen.

President Kenney introduced Evangelist Weigle, who rendered several delightful songs for the audience.

President Kenney then made a pleasing talk in regard to the Liberty loan campaign and made the announcements for the week.

The meeting was then turned over to Mrs. J. B. Francher and the following program was rendered:

Song, "Onward Christian Soldiers," Reading, Mrs. Westcott.

Reading, Mrs. Vreeland.

Address, Rev. Weigle.

Song, "Marching Through Georgia," Address, Rev. H. H. Bowen.

Song, "Star Spangled Banner."

This program was enjoyed by the large audience throughout.

The meeting adjourned until April the 13th.

BADGERS TAKE NOTICE!

The Wisconsin Association will meet in Oak Grove Park on Thursday, April 18th, in the afternoon. Each one bring spoon and dish for ice cream. All Wisconsin people and members are cordially invited to come.

N. A. STILLWELL, Press Correspondent.

Law's Hands Idle

When it came time to call the May term of the Civil Court in Little Forest County, Pa., it was found that there was no case to try, and no prospect of any, so the jurors were excused and adjourned until June.

This is the first time this has happened since the county was organized fifty years ago, according to an exchange.

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A Son's Letter to His Father

(By Frank Crane in N. Y. Globe.)

Here is a fine, manly letter, full of heart and free of cant, which I saw the other day in an issue of Wight newspaper and would like to pass on to my readers.

Thousands of America's young men are bidding them good-bye with choking throats. It may help a bit to read this clean, strong-souled youth's last words. He was killed in action shortly after bidding them.

The business of being a father is quite the most complex and difficult of all the tasks that come to men, and to get such a letter as this must be to any father a sweet reward.

"To My Father:—

"This is a final message for you to read when I am dead. There will be so little else—just the brief official notification, 'The Secretary of State for War regrets * * *' may be a belated letter or two, speaking only of the small happenings of the day; perhaps the tale of a brother officer as to how I felt; beyond that, nothing. And therefore now, beforehand, I say farewell.

"There is no need of many words. But I want first to thank you as your son. You have been to me the best father a fellow could wish. I want to thank you for the gift of a strong and vigorous and healthy body, straight limbs and thumbs that could serve England at her need. For the gift of a powerful intellect and a discerning mind—thank you. For the long years of self-denial that made my education possible; for the guidance and teaching that kept me straight in the days of youth; for the counsel and help ever freely proffered when I asked; for all noble things in your example—again and most earnestly, thank you.

"Secondly, as to my death. Inasmuch as we be men together, there is little need for words. It is in a good cause that I lay down my life. All the things that I hold dear in life I willingly give up since it is required of me. I am proud and glad to be one of those whom England takes, who in their bodies pay the price of her honor. And though in your heart there will be sorrow, you will also be proud; and you will not grieve overmuch.

"All good things be unto you! May the coming years bring wider field of service, honor, and honorable work, strength and wisdom to perform it; and in the end peace, contentment, and quiet rest! Your son, a soldier of England, salutes you. Farewell!"

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PLUMBING

THE PLEASURE OF THE BATH is enhanced if the surroundings are in keeping with elegance and good taste. Our plumbing and incidental appointments represent the latest development in open work. Ornamental, healthful and efficient in operation, "Bathomatic" gives the highest order of workmanship, cost no more than the inferior kind of both the work and the materials.



Walter Harris
New York Ave. (Makinson Bldg.) ST. CLOUD, FLA.

CONGRATULATIONS

Myron Barber is a man of fame. No doubt his mother gave him that name:

When he leaves his best girl and bids good-bye,

Can he control his feelings with tears in his eyes.

Honair is honored with a Minneapolis man's name.

Who should be wiser than when he came:

Soon Myron will go to his northern home,

And leave his sweetheart all alone.

Myron is not the first, will not be the last.

Some times he is a little fast:

He is a barber by name but not by trade,

He smokes his pipe in the sun or shade.

Now comrade, if you want to get married and get a good wife,

Just come to St. Cloud and prolong your life.

But if you get married and don't agree The fault's on you and not on me.

Now comrade, we'll wish you a safe journey home,

To meet your dear friends in pleasure to roam.

We hope that in 1920 you may to St. Cloud return,

Where the palm-trees grow and the oranges bloom.

W. H. WISEMAN, St. Cloud, Florida.

AN INVENTION TO BURN STUMPS OUT OF THE GROUND

In wooded locations, farmers who wish to remove the timber from their land in order to utilize the ground for raising crops will appreciate a simple device for burning out the stumps and roots, invented by John K. Hempy, of New Hampshire, Ohio.

The inventor has made ingenious use of the well known fact that draft aids combustion by constructing a conical chimney of sheet iron in several sections, which is so placed over the ignited stump that a strong draft is created.

The air, rushing in from below, by its oxygen aids the process of combustion and keeps the fire burning briskly.

USE PEANUTS INSTEAD OF PORTERHOUSE STEAK

Because of the prevalent but erroneous idea that lean meat is a heat producer, the use of nuts, starchy foods, vegetable oils and sugar substitutes for creating body warmth is urged by Miss Lillian Francis, federal emergency food conservation director for the North Texas district.

"Animal fat and not lean meat is a heat producer, and this year we must conserve all varieties of meat that can be shipped abroad," Miss Francis said.

"The nut is a heat producer, rapidly growing in popularity. Eaten in large quantities after a hearty meal or eaten late at night, nuts frequently cause discomfort, for, like all concentrated food, their use must be considered carefully."

"Vegetarians of California live on fruits and nuts. Nuts, being rich in protein and fat, should be used in combination with carbohydrate foods, such as bread, vegetables and fruit. They should always be thoroughly masticated, and, for children, they are better ground or chopped. They are especially recommended for diabetics and others whose diets must exclude starch and sugar, eliminating the use of the chestnut and peanut in such instances, however."

"In 1915 statistics were compiled showing that ten cents worth of pecans furnishes three times as much food value (measured in calories) as ten cents worth of porterhouse steak, and that ten cents worth of peanuts is equal to 20 cents worth of porterhouse steak. The relative prices have changed since then, but the force of the comparison remains. The peanut is not a nut, but belongs to the same family as the common pea or bean, getting its name from the resemblance of its flavor to the tree nut."—Dallas News.

TNT'S INNOCENT ANCESTOR

Trinitrotoluene, the forerunner of the Germans and the TNT of the American and British, is the most powerful and the most commonly used explosive of today. High explosive shells are loaded with it. It is the force which makes the torpedo effective or which endangers submarines when, in depth bombs, it is exploded in their vicinity. It was trinitrotoluene which caused the great disaster in Halifax.

And this substance, holding such great potential powers of destruction in its seemingly innocent pale yellow or white crystals, is a product of our harmless, domestic coal tar. Or rather, it is a grandson, as it were, of coal tar.

Toluene, more commonly known as methyl benzene, is the base of trinitrotoluene, and toluene is derived through a process of distillation from coal tar.

Toluene contains much hydrogen, and in the process of manufacture trinitrotoluene these hydrogen atoms are replaced by nitro groups. This process of nitrosynthesis permits many variations in the arrangement of the nitro groups, and hence chemists are able to produce twelve different trinitrotoluenes, each varying from the others in boiling point, melting point, solubility, specific gravity and sensitiveness to detonation.

Trinitrotoluene in its natural state is in the form of pale yellow or white crystals, but in loading shells or bombs these crystals are melted, and in a fluid state the explosive is poured into its case, where it is sealed under pressure.

In the form most commonly used its sensitiveness to detonation is so slight that it is necessary to use a detonator of mercury fulminate. Because of this lack of sensitiveness it is one of the safest explosives to handle, but at the same time its explosive force, occasioned by the rapid expansion of a small quantity of the solid into a great volume of gas, is greater than that of any of its cousins, such as the dynamites and nitroglycerine.

Can Until You Can't.

A SPOONFUL GIVES RESULTS

When your young chicks do not grow and thrive they need a tonic. B. A. Thomas' Poultry Remedy is not only a tonic but a specific for bowel trouble, Gaps, and other chick troubles. Get it today. We sell it on the money back plan.—H. C. Hartley.

RIGGAN'S, THE BUSY STORE

It's not that we are so personally attractive. It's just the variety we carry that appeals to one's appetite. The nearest way to the heart is through the stomach. Hence we sell stomach goods. Stop running over town and stop at Riggan's and get what you want. Goods delivered.

M. E. RIGGAN

P. O. Box 178 Phone 34 St. Cloud, Fla.

Strengthen America

How the Liquor Business Affects You

If you are being fooled by the idea that the "wet" and "dry" fight in this country means nothing to YOU—that it doesn't affect your interests one way or the other—

If you are being lulled to sleep by the dope of the liquor men that THE TOWN is prosperous and therefore YOU can afford to "let well enough alone"—

If you are being deceived by the thought that because YOU don't patronize the saloon it can't hurt you—

If you are foolishly generous in the conviction that because YOU don't drink booze is no good reason why you should do anything to keep the OTHER fellow from enjoying it— If he wants to—If you are being fooled by any of these things: Suppose you stop for just a minute and read the following statements:

First:—You know that the standards of wages paid in the shop is determined not by that high-grade worker who has made good because he sacrificed to win out—but very largely by the low-grade man who boozes and who can just get into the shop door because workers are scarce. Somewhere between the two the boss strikes an average wage for everybody else. The more boozers there are, the lower the rate of wages paid the average man, even if he's sober—and this means lower wages for you!

Doesn't this affect YOUR pocketbook?

Second:—Life insurance men know that making or selling or drinking booze shortens life. There's scarcely a life insurance company that will insure a bar tender or a brewery worker because of his occupation—and life insurance companies are not in the anti-saloon business. But they have only one insurance rate for ordinary men—drinkers and non-drinkers, and they compel the man who doesn't booze to make up for the extra amount that the boozers should pay.

Doesn't this affect YOUR pocketbook?

Third:—Storekeepers know that men who spend too much of their money for booze don't pay their bills—but SOME-BODY has got to pay them, so they simply boost the original price of the goods to allow for such losses. And so the man who DOESN'T booze helps pay the bill of the boozers.

Doesn't this affect YOUR pocketbook?

Fourth:—Police courts, jails, hospitals, almshouses, insane asylums and similar institutions are supported by your taxes. Fully half the "business" of these institutions comes as a direct result of the liquor traffic.

Doesn't this affect YOUR pocketbook?

ISN'T it your business if men booze?

You can't afford to be TOO generous with what belongs to your family.

Your FIRST obligation is to them—not to the man who thoughtlessly lowers the rate of wages, increases life insurance premiums, boosts the cost of the necessities of life, and runs up your taxes—all because he insists that saloons shall be maintained for HIS convenience—no matter where YOU get off.

For HIS sake, as well as YOURS—vote "dry."

If You Believe that the Traffic in Alcohol

Does More Harm than Good—Help Stop It!

Strengthen America Campaign

(Prepared by Charles Steifle)

SAVE \$1.50

Make your healing remedy at home. Get a 50c bottle of Farris' Healing Oil, add it to a pint of Linseed Oil and you have a full pint of the best healing remedy that money can buy. It cures old sores, wounds, cuts and scratches. We sell it. —H. C. Hartley.

Ask W. G. King
St. Cloud, Florida

Notary Public Real Estate
Information Bureau
A. E. Drought's Office

TAX PAYERS' AGENCY
A. E. Drought, Manager
State, County and City Taxes paid; Abstracts furnished; Deeds recorded; Fire Insurance; Real Estate; Notary Public; Estates administered. 39-1f

Ask Your Grocer
For
CHEEK-NEAL'S
COFFEES
Best By Every Test

CALL **Model Dairy** FOR
PURE MILK
and CREAM

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

PICNIC PARTY ON SATURDAY
The Golden Rule Girls of the Methodist church enjoyed a delightful picnic at Runnymede last Saturday, going out on the morning train and walking back in the afternoon. Dinner was served and little journeys into the woods and to the lake occupied the time of those in the party. Those present were: Mrs. Grace Cooper and Mrs. Brown; Misses Elizabeth Cooper, Kathleen Goff, Iva Marshall, Ruth Brown, Pearl Bass, Helen Bowen, Vera Johnson, Harriet Moyers, Evada Harris, Ruth Ladue.

The Unseen Hand

BY
CLARENCE HERBERT
NEW
THE

GREATEST SPY
AND
MYSTERY STORY
OF THE
PRESENT WAR

THE NEW YORK HERALD
DAILY AND SUNDAY
ORDER COPY TODAY

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

America's First Year in the Great War

The United States became an active participant in the world's war just one year ago. President signed the resolution passed by both houses of Congress declaring a state of war to exist on April 6, 1917. During the ensuing twelve months many important steps have been taken by the government of the United States and its military representatives toward "going over the top" in this great war for human liberty.

Preliminaries to America's Participation.

Preliminary to the actual declaration of war a number of important incidents occurred, as follows:

1917

January 22—President Wilson addressed the Senate on peace terms.

January 31—Germany declares ruthless submarine warfare, effective at midnight.

February 3—America breaks relations with Germany.

February 28—Washington reveals conspiracy by Germany to enroll Japan and Mexico in war on United States.

March 21—Proclamation by President calling extra session.

March 22—America formally recognizes new revolutionary government of Russia.

April 2—Congress convenes in extra session pursuant to the summons of the President.

April 2—President asks Congress to declare war on Germany.

April 4—Senate passed joint resolution declaring war to exist.

What the United States Has Done While in the War.

The most important incidents of vital concern to the United States during the year that this nation has been looked to for leadership in the war to "make the world safe for democracy," are as follows:

April 6—House passed joint resolution declaring war to exist. Signed by the president immediately upon enrollment.

April 9—Austria severs relations with America.

April 21—British war mission arrives, followed by French mission.

April 24—President signed bill authorizing first issue of Liberty bonds, and providing loans to allies.

May—Reception in House to war commission from France.

May 3—Reception in Senate to war commission from France.

May 4—American destroyers arrive for duty in European waters.

May 5—Reception in House to war commission from Great Britain.

May 8—Reception in Senate to war commission from Great Britain.

May 12—President signed bill appropriating \$273,046,322 for support of army for first fiscal year, 1918.

May 18—President signed selective draft bill making 10,000,000 men available for military service.

May 22—President signed bill increasing the strength of the navy and Marine Corps from 87,000 to 150,000 in the first instance, and 17,400 to 30,000 in the second.

May 31—Reception in Senate to war commission from Italy.

June 2—Reception in House to war commission from Italy.

June 13—General Pershing arrives in France.

June 15—First Liberty loan closes with a total subscription of more than \$3,000,000,000.

June 15—President signed bill appropriating \$3,281,004,541 for the military and naval establishments on account of war expenses. Up to this time this was the largest appropriation act known to this or any other country.

Among other things it appropriated \$405,000,000 for an emergency shipping fund, with which to begin construction of the greatest merchant fleet the world has ever seen.

June 22—Reception in Senate to war commission from Belgium.

June 23—Reception in House to war commission from Russia.

June 26—Reception in Senate to war commission from Russia.

June 27—Reception in House to war commission from Belgium.

July 15—President puts embargo on food, grains, meat, fuel and important munitions to neutrals as well as enemies.

July 20—Drawing held for first selective service army.

July 27—Congress passes \$640,000,000 aviation bill.

July 24—President signs bill appropriating \$640,000,000 aviation bill.

July 24—President ending shipping board row that delays shipbuilding, accepting resignations of Gen. Goethals and Chairman Denman.

August 9—Government calls for 100,000 men to man 35,000 aircraft.

August 10—Congress passes food survey and food control bill and it is signed by the president.

August 29—President Wilson replied to Pope's peace appeal. Says there can be no peace with uncured militarists ruling Germany.

August 30—Reception in Senate to war commission from Japan.

September 5—Reception in House to war commission from Japan.

September 13—Secretary of war Baker announces the completion of the Liberty motor, new airplane engine, the best made by any belligerent.

September 21—Government reveals Bernstorff's request to Berlin in January, 1917, for \$50,000 to influence Congress "as on former occasions."

September 24—President signed bill authorizing second issue of bonds to meet expenditures for national security and defense and for the purpose of assisting in the prosecution of the war and to extend credit to foreign governments.

September 29—Bolo Pash, who handled millions in America for German plotting, arrested in Paris.

September 30—Viscount Ishii of the Japanese mission announces recognition of open door and American trade

rights in China.

October 4—Congress passes soldiers' insurance bill.

October 6—President signs soldiers' and sailors' insurance and family allowance, the same carrying appropriation of \$176,250,000.

October 6—Congress passes huge revenue bill.

October 6—President signed bill appropriating \$5,356,000,016 to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year 1918 and prior years on account of war expenses, and authorizing contract obligations to be met by future congresses amounting to \$2,401,458,803. This is the largest appropriation act passed by this or any other country. It makes further appropriations of \$635,000,000 for the emergency shipping fund and raises the limit of cost to carry out the purposes of the shipping act to \$1,734,000,000.

October 6—Congress adjourns until Monday, December 3, 1917.

October 14—President signed powerful war trade board to clamp tighter embargo on neutrals supplying Germany.

October 15—Rainbow Division of National Guard encamped at Camp Mills, Long Island, sails for France. (Announcement withheld until December 1st.)

October 27—First announcement that American troops are now occupying front line trenches in France.

October 27—Second Liberty loan closes with a total subscription of \$4,617,532,300.

November 1—America gets news that Russia is worn out by war strain; the news is followed by overthrow of Kerenski by Bolsheviks and opening of peace negotiations by Reds.

November 3—Summit in first front trench fight. Germans in raid along Rhine-Marne canal kill three Americans, wound five, and capture eleven.

November 7—American mission led by Col. House arrives in Europe for inter-allied war conference.

December 1—War department announces that national guardsmen from every state in the Union are now in France.

December 3—Congress reconvenes for the regular session of the 65th Congress, facing requests for \$13,500,000,000, \$11,000,000,000 for war and of this more than \$1,000,000,000 for aeronautics.

December 4—President Wilson in a message to Congress outlines America's war aims and asks for a declaration of war against Austria-Hungary.

December 5—Both houses of Congress pass joint resolution declaring war on Austria.

December 15—Questionnaires go out for a permanent classification of men registered for selective service.

December 17—House adopts prohibition amendment by vote of, yeas, 282; nays, 128.

December 18—Nineteen lives lost when United States submarine rams sister ship in Atlantic port.

December 21—Secretary of State Lansing publishes cablegrams showing further machinations by Count Loxburg in Argentina.

December 23—Ship with Bolshevik crew arrives at Pacific port.

December 26—President Wilson issues proclamation taking over control and operation of railroads for period of war, appointing Secretary of the Treasury, McAdoo, director general.

December 27—Washington receives unofficial outline of central powers' peace offer as made to bolsheviks by Count Czernin, foreign minister of Austria-Hungary.

1918

January 4—President Wilson, in a message to Congress, asks for legislation in regard to the taking over of the railroads by the government, and asks for an appropriation of \$500,000,000 for the same.

January 8—President Wilson in message to Congress outlines foundation of peace.

January 8—Reception in House to war commission from Serbia.

January 10—House adopts suffrage amendment—yeas, 274; nays, 136.

January 17—Fuel Administrator Garfield issues order for the closing of all manufacturing plants east of the Mississippi, including Louisiana and Minnesota, for five days, starting January 18, and closing for ten Mondays following. The order provides for further closing of all places of business and amusements, with the exception of stores that sell food, which may remain open until 12 o'clock, noon, and for the purpose of selling drugs and medicinal supplies only stores may maintain the necessary heat throughout the day and evening.

January 17—A resolution offered by Senator Hitchcock requesting that Fuel Administrator Garfield postpone the order for five days was passed by the Senate—yeas, 50; nays, 19. Dr. Garfield did not comply with the request.

January 24—Senator Chamberlain delivers speech in the Senate in answer to a statement given out by the president that he was distorting the truth when he said in a speech in New York "that the War Department has ceased to function and had broken down."

January 28—Secretary of War Baker appeared before the Senate committee on military affairs in answer to the charges made by Senator Chamberlain, and in the course of his speech stated that in the early part of 1918 500,000 men would be in France, and before the end of 1918 1,500,000.

February 6—Announcement was made of the sinking by a German submarine of the transport Tuscania, with

rights in China.

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Sweet-Orr
KHAKI
and
Men's
Light
Weight
Summer
PANTS

ALL SIZES

Edwards Bros.

BLEECH BUILDING
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE



2,179 American soldiers aboard, and with the loss of 176 lives and 65 still missing.

February 11—President Wilson in a message to Congress answers the addresses of the German chancellor, the Count von Hertling, and Count Czernin for Austria, delivered on January 24, as to the basis of peace.

March 11—Announcement was made of the arrival in France of Secretary of War Baker, who sailed from an American port about February 27.

March 11—Announcement by Provost Marshal Crowder that 800,000 men are to be called to the colors gradually during the present year, under the second army draft, which begins on March 29. This announcement was followed by an order for the mobilization of 95,000 men during the five-day period beginning March 29, some 15,000 to be assembled under the second draft. Eighty thousand will be men of the first draft of 687,000 not yet summoned into service.

March 12—President Wilson in message cabled by him to the Congress of Soviets, which assembled in Moscow on the 13th, gave formal assurance to Russia of his intention to stand by that nation.

March 19—President Wilson signs daylight saving bill.

March 20—Dutch shipping in the United States amounting to 600,000 tons taken over by the government, and at the same time 400,000 tons were taken over by England.

March 21—President Wilson today signed the bill bringing railroads under government control and operation until 21 months after the end of the war.

March 21—Germany begins western drive and shells Paris with a seventy-six mile canon.

RUSSIA HAS FOOD, BUT NOT DISTRIBUTED

There is food enough in Russia, but the fault lies in its distribution, and this fault may be traced, first to the long war, and the disorganization that occurred in consequence, to the mismanagement of the old regime, to the confusion arising with the revolution and to the mismanagement of the revolutionary government. Transportation has diminished in efficiency, both river and rail, so that with long hauls from the south and east it is difficult to transport enough food. The provinces in the North raise but little grain, and it is difficult to take them supplies. As a result the people there suffer from the need of certain articles, chiefly wheat bread. There is usually plenty of whole rye bread, which is black and soggy, the rye being ground with stones, and therefore rather gritty. It isn't a bread that we would eat, except as a last resort; but the Russians eat it and prefer it to white bread.

This winter, possibly with the rioting that has occurred, there may be a great dearth of food in Petrograd and Moscow. People may suffer, but if the conditions could remain as they were during the summer there would be no suffering, or not as much as will occur in certain portions of Chicago.

The fact is that I saw fewer evidences of malnutrition in Russia than I see in Chicago. I saw no one, outside the hospitals, who was not well nourished; nor did I see an individual who was not fairly well clothed and well shod, excepting the beggar who wore the garb that enabled him to carry on his calling.—Dr. Frank Billings, in Cartoons Magazine.

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ST. CLOUD TRIBUNE

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The Tribune is published every Thursday and mailed to any part of the United States, postage free, for \$2.00 a year, \$1.00 six months, or 50c three months—strictly in advance.

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Advertising bills are payable on the first of each month. Parties not known to us will be required to pay in advance.

In sending in your subscription, always state whether renewal or new subscriber. In changing your address be sure to give former address.

SUBSCRIPTION, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE, \$2.00 A YEAR.

C. F. JOHNSON, Editor and Owner.

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

Many winter visitors who have hurried off home at the first peep of spring time will be wishing they had tarried yet a little longer in the land of sunshine.

The third Liberty loan is being over-subscribed in every part of Florida. There are yet several pairs of old socks filled with gold that will roll out when Uncle Sam calls again.

"Sunrise and Sunset Trail"—That's what our new asphalt road to Brevard County line is to be called. Eat your breakfast at Tampa and supper at Melbourne, or reverse the order and it fits both ways. Only it won't take fast driving to make it in that time.

St. Cloud is coming to the front again in the third Liberty Loan. The veterans located here are still ready to do their bit. Since they have already seen their share of fighting they are now willing to let their dollars help the younger generation beat the Huns.

Over in Volusia county they are preparing for another big county division fight when the 1919 session of the legislature convenes. The question is being raised in the campaign now in progress over there to elect a senator and representative in the June primary.

St. Cloud is sending forth its annual crop of missionaries. Yes, that's what every winter visitor becomes when he journeys north in the spring time. He will tell of the delights of life in St. Cloud to thousands of people in their old home town and will bring back recruits when they return next winter.

Frank Huffaker, editor of the Tampa Times, has enlisted. The first thing he is asked to do is to send some press dope to the newspaper men left at home, with a request that as much as possible be printed. Thought, Huff wanted to fight with a gun. Seems that he has had enough service fighting with the pen.

The State Press Association met, frolicked in three beautiful cities, elected officers, and everybody is back at work again this week. Aside from the duties of Gilbert Leach nobody has anything to do for the association until the next convention. But Leach can be counted on to stir up something of interest all through the year.

The progressively citizen, who is broad minded, will have forgotten St. Cloud has had a political campaign in which people differed very much as to who should fill the city offices, and will put their shoulder to the wheel and hoist for a bigger, better city. The man who is so narrow he will not forget, is so narrow that he will be worthless as a booster.

Some Florida newspapers try to make a joke of the talk that Catts will go to the Senate when his term of office as governor ends. There was some such talk of "jokes" when he said he would be governor, too. And it must not be overlooked that he has become conservative in matters of head-chopping since Blitch has been serving as secretary.

DeSoto county promised to fight out the county division question in the primary this year, and perhaps men will represent them in the legislature next year that will give the people what they want. DeSoto is big enough to make several counties and every new county made in South Florida helps to wrest the control of the legislature from those small and rather unprogressive counties in West Florida that have controlled legislation for so many years.

Reports from thirty per cent of the counties traversed by the Dixie Highway show a tremendous amount of work, new construction, re-surfacing, repairing, etc., during the past six months. With an equal expenditure of money and labor during the coming six months the highway should be open to traffic from Northern Michigan to Southern Florida. There will be some stretches of "fair weather roads only," but in the main the tourists should have very little difficulty on this great north and south highway.

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

WILL DO HIS BIT ON NEBRASKA FARM

Joe Cathcart thought he had been accepted in the army some weeks ago when a traveling recruiting officer sent him to Jacksonville for examination, although he was not as old as Uncle Sam requires, but when he arrived at the recruiting headquarters he was disappointed. His father had joined the colors but a few days ahead and naturally he felt the disappointment keenly. He came home to wait his chance to try again. Tuesday he left for Nebraska where he will do his bit helping the farmers in that section get their large crops this summer, which Uncle Sam also needs to help win the war, and after all Joe will get to be of service to his country in his new job. Joe's friends here always knew he would make good and he has the best wishes of a large circle of friends in his new undertaking.

SABBATH SCHOOL SERVICE FLAG

On April 14, 1917, seven boys from school class of Rev. N. W. Beauchamp, in the Methodist Church, enlisted in the service of their country, and left St. Cloud for the training camps, namely:

Otto Bleech.
Isaac Clifton Coats.
Francis W. French.
George B. Jeffries.
Clinton Jeffries.
Clifford McAfee.
Evan McAfee, (not accepted, being under age.)

Later from this same class Neil Bartlett, from the postoffice, and Ivan Eylesheimer, from the telephone office, making nine from this class who volunteered. Hence, on the next Sabbath, April 14th, at the Methodist church, at the close of the Sabbath school session, a service flag is to be presented to this class, (Miss Lena Carpenter, at present the teacher). The committee desires the mothers of the boys to be present at this time, if possible, and place the star on the flag for her boy, when the names are called.

BIRTHDAY PARTY

A delightful birthday dinner was at 8 p. m., Tuesday, April 9th, at the New St. Cloud Hotel in honor of Miss Katherine Farr.

The dinner consisted of a very elaborate menu of which under the instruction of Mr. Ricketts who for two years under the instruction of Mr. G. H. Leher has become quite popular on such dinner parties. The dinner was enjoyed greatly after which the party had a very pleasant ride.

Those of the party were Misses Katherine and Annie Farr, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Ricketts and Messrs. C. G. Rumbel and Joseph Engle.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank our pastor, Rev. Brown, for his prayers, his words of sympathy and comfort; for the sermon and many other kindnesses he has shown us. We wish to thank our many kind neighbors for their many offers to assist and those who assisted and for the help rendered, and for their words of sympathy and comfort in the sickness and death of our wife and mother.

ELISHA M. HOLDEN.
MAY HOLDEN.

HIGH COST OF LIVING AND RISE IN WAGES

The Federal Bureau of labor statistics reports that Union wages in 101 of the principal trades in forty-eight leading cities of the United States were 19 per cent higher in the month of May, 1916, than in 1907. This report was issued in Bulletin No. 214.

The same department of the government reported last October in its monthly review:

"Comparing prices the year before the war with prices in August, 1917, food as a whole advanced 47 per cent. Flour advanced 130 per cent, or more than two and one-fourth times the price in August, 1913; cornmeal advanced 120 per cent, or nearly as much as flour; potatoes 87 per cent; sugar 77 per cent; lard 72 per cent, and pork chops 58 per cent."

Despite these figures, issued by the government, there are editors and other citizens who tell the people that trade unions are responsible for present living costs.

Organized labor received higher wages in 1916 than in any previous year, says the government bulletin. In all trades taken collectively the increase in weekly wage rates in 1916 over 1915 was 4 per cent; over 1914 4 per cent; over 1913 11 per cent; over 1907 16 per cent. While wage rates have been increasing there has been a slight decrease in working time. In 1916 the regular hours of labor decreased 1 per cent, as compared with 1915; 1 per cent as compared with 1914; 2 per cent as compared with 1910, and 4 per cent as compared with 1900.

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

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as compared with 1907. Rates of wages per hour advanced more than weekly wage rates because of the slight reduction in hours. Taken collectively, rates per hour in 1916 were 4 per cent higher than in 1915; 5 per cent higher than in 1914; 14 per cent higher than in 1910, and 19 per cent higher than in 1907.—Tosca Daily Capital.

LIFE BOATS OF PAPER

Made of a Specially Treated Japanese Fabric

Some time ago notices of a collapsible paper life boat, the invention of a rear admiral of the Japanese navy, appeared in several journals. This boat was said to weigh but a few pounds and could be folded up into a very small compass. Upon investigation some very interesting information regarding the paper used in the construction of this boat was secured.

The rear admiral's invention consists of a new paper, but rather of a chemical process whereby a very tough fiber paper has been manufactured by the Japanese for centuries from the fiber of the mulberry tree. The paper is made up into any desirable shape by cutting and cementing with an especially prepared adhesive; a lapped joint of one-eighth to five-thirty-seconds of an inch has as much strength as the surrounding material.

With the above mentioned adhesive any number of thicknesses can be cemented together and an almost unbelievable strength obtained. The paper is nearly as pliable as cloth and no amount of folding or crumpling seems to diminish its strength. A hole made in the body of the paper shows less tendency to enlarge than a similar hole in cloth. When desired the paper can be treated with an antiseptic which renders a sack made of this material capable of holding water continuously for several months.

Owing to lack of capital the admiral turned over his invention to a company which is at present engaged principally in making and testing out sample articles of paper. There seems to be no limit to the different uses to which this paper can be put. Some time ago a sample bag was submitted, upon request, to the British government; if this proves satisfactory the company agrees to furnish the sacks at the rate of 1,000,000 a month until the end of the war. These bags possess all the strength of canvas sacks, but unlike them are very water proof, hence can be easily emptied, carried to an advance position, refilled and placed in any desired depot.

Life preservers, inner tubes for motor car tires, bladders for footballs, air cushions, air mattresses, sacks for Portland cement, poultices, "pup" tents and many other uses for clothing are a few of the things that have been made and tested out, and as far as can be ascertained have proved successful.—Scientific American.

HOW TO ADDRESS CERTAIN MONARCHS

The youthful Shah of Persia has an amazing array of titles ranging from Shah-in-Shah (King of Kings) to such poetical attributes as "The Rose of Delight," "The Branch of Honor" and "The Mirror of Virtue;" while his majesty of Arracan used to be proclaimed as "Emperor of Arracan, Possessor of the White Elephant and the two ear-rings, and in virtue of this possession legitimate heir of Pengu and Brahma; Lord of the Twelve Kings who place their heads under his feet."

Somewhere in the wilds of Afghanistan there is an Amer who boasts of as many high dignities as there are days in the year, among them being: "The Sovereign of the Universe, whom God created to be as accomplished as the moon at her plenitude; whose eye glitters like the Northern Star; a king as spiritual as a ball is round, who, when he rises, shades all people, and from under whose feet a sweet odor is wafted."

But perhaps the most remarkable title any monarch was ever proud to own was borne by the king of Monomotapa, whose praises were sung by his court poets and musicians as "Lord of the Sun and Moon, Great Magician and Great Thief."

Another striking example of royal dignity is that of the former emperor of China, whose recent coup d'etat ended in such failure. He was hailed by his subjects as "The Protector of Religion, whose fame is infinite and of surpassing excellence exceeding the moon, the unexpanding jessamin buds and the stars, whose feet are as fragrant to the noses of other kings as the flowers to bees, most noble patron and God by Custom."—Cleveland News.

DOCTOR SAYS HE HAS FOUND A CURE FOR GROUCH

Take comfort, all ye who "fly to pieces" at the slightest provocation or are adjudged fidgety or cranky or irritable. Your friends, and more especially your enemies, may say it is just "pure cussedness," or even worse. But Dr. Meyer Solomon, of Chicago, brings word to such sufferers that they are victims of a disease which may be cured.

In the current number of the New York Medical Journal he has an article dealing with the subject in plain language and telling simple systems and simple remedies.

"In common forms," Dr. Solomon says, "there is nothing more than a

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

Buy Liberty Bonds Now

Help Win the War and Bring Our Boys Back Home

You Can Build New Houses Later

F. E. WILLIAMS

LUMBER

NINTH STREET, between N. Y. and Penna. Avenues

condition of uneasiness or unrest. The person is fidgety, ill at ease, cannot concentrate on the task before him and is so generally disturbed he does not know what to do with himself. It is but natural that while in this condition the person is irritable and is apt to be cranky, grouchy, easily angered, and not at all himself, as he will tell you. I venture to state in this simple form the state occurs now and then in all human beings, but for the most of us these periods are relatively infrequent.

"Many may find relief by going to a gymnasium, playing golf, tennis or the like; going to a baseball game, or joining a card game; yes, even going to a prize fight, a wrestling match and similar methods of amusement. Others may find their peace in intellectual pursuits, reading a novel, a scientific book or article, resorting to one of their hobbies."—Chicago Herald.

WOMEN DOCTORS IN RUSSIA

From the middle of the last century the women of Russia have asserted their eagerness for professional training. Teaching, surgery, medicine and government service have attracted the greatest number, writes Richard Washburn Child in The Century. When the medical schools were closed to them they went to Switzerland and other foreign countries. A Russian girl took a doctor's degree at Zurich in 1867. In the early 70's the admission of women to medical courses became a settled practice in Russia.

In 1876 women surgeons in numbers distinguished themselves at the front in the Serbian-Turkish war; the same distinguished service has been given by them in the Russo-Japanese war and in the present conflict. Today women physicians are as numerous as men, and in some cities there are many more female than male dentists. More than 62 per cent of the teachers in the Zensivo schools are women, and the census of 1897 showed that there were four women to every five men in the state and public service.

Sixty-three Chicago grocers were fined \$100 and costs recently for selling cold storage eggs as fresh ones.

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MARGARET S. MARTIN, Executrix.

WEIGHED OVER 200 POUNDS AT SEVEN YEARS OLD

It might seem unusual to see a person weighing 227 pounds walking along the main thoroughfare of the city crying lustily because his shoes hurt his feet and because his papa could not carry him up the street. But then if that more than plump person happened to be only seven years old, onlookers probably would not think it strange that he cried.

Well, anyway, Raleigh Fox, fat and good natured, and only seven years old, despite his 227 pounds, didn't care a snap who saw him shedding tears or heard him wailing as he walked up Washington avenue the other afternoon just after Frisco passenger train No. 3 arrived. His shoes hurt his feet and he was tired and he was too large for his father to carry him, so he just hopped to his heart's content until he could reach the hotel and pull off his shoes. And then he laughed and was in the best humor imaginable.

The war will not be finished until the Kaiser and his six sons and all their kind are also finished.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In Court of the County Judge, Osceola County, State of Florida.
In re Estate of John L. Martin.
To all Creditors, Legatees, Distributors and all Persons Having Claims or Demands against said Estate: You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of John L. Martin, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida to the undersigned executrix of said estate, within two years from the date hereof. Dated January 1st, A. D. 1918.

MARGARET S. MARTIN, Executrix.

If You Can't Fight Let Your Dollars Fight For You

BUY LIBERTY BONDS in the THIRD LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN

Your dollars loaned the Government now will help win the war and make the world safe for democracy.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND

—This space donated by—

G. C. Outlaw and O. C. Knight

The "MAUD"

will make regular trips to Wildwood Park

Tuesdays and Thursdays

leaving wharf at foot of Pennsylvania Ave. at 10 A. M.; also Sunday at 2 P. M.

CAPT. COPE

COLORITE

COLORS OLD AND NEW STRAW HATS
SATIN, SILK and CANVAS SLIPPERS and BASKETRY

You can color your straw hat fresh and dainty as new with **Colorite** in most any popular shade, or you can color your straw hat to match a new dress.

Colorite is a liquid, sold in bottle, with brush for applying. It is waterproof and durable, very easily applied and dries in thirty minutes.

Colorite is for sale by

Seminole Pharmacy

The Rexall Store

ST. CLOUDLETS

LOCAL PERSONAL SOCIAL

You can pay county or city taxes at A. E. Drought's office. 29-4f

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Entrioken, of Narcoossee, were St. Cloud visitors on Tuesday.

more commodious quarters has met with general approval of the patrons in St. Cloud.

Mrs. Silas Cooke is visiting friends in Auburndale this week, while Dr. Cooke is attending Presbytery in Green Cove Springs.

Mr. Charles Ford, who has a winter home here, left Tuesday to join his family at Flint, Mich.

FIRE—Is your home insured, if not why not? See W. G. King. 20-4f

Mrs. Ed Dupew spent last Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Anna Ansbach on Oregon avenue.

Mr. L. N. Albertson left Tuesday morning to spend the summer at East Orange, N. J., and Bangor, Pa.

Comrade Z. Barager left Tuesday for a sojourn at the National Soldiers Home in Johnston City, Tenn.

Mrs. C. L. Brown, of Wisconsin avenue, entertained Comrade DeWalt and daughter at dinner Sunday.

Library Hours—The public library will hereafter be open from 2 to 5 p. m., on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Mr. Park Hall and mother, Mrs. Booth, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Levi Shambow last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliott, who have spent the winter in St. Cloud, left Tuesday for their northern home in Nebraska.

Western beef and pork on sale at Rowland's Market Saturday. Order early. 30-4f

Mrs. E. J. Everett, who has been spending the winter in St. Cloud, left Tuesday morning for her home in Kent, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Wilson, who have spent a pleasant winter in our midst, left Monday for their home at Elkhart, Ind.

Mrs. E. D. French, of Ashton, spent Tuesday in the city shopping and attending the meeting of the New England Society.

Mr. Myron F. Barber, who has been a guest at the Iron Air House this winter, left Saturday for his home in Montevideo, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Mesher and daughter, who have spent some time here this season, left Tuesday for their home at New Bedford, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. David Elliott left on Tuesday for Waupun, Wis., for their future home. They have spent more than a year in St. Cloud.

W time offered for vicinity. We are

If you have any large clean rags just bring them to the Tribune. We need them in our business and will pay you well for your trouble. 29-4f

Mr. and Mrs. Elliott, of Doop's addition, were the guests on Wednesday of last week of Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Vincent, on Wyoming avenue.

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

S. W. Porter, real estate, insurance.

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

Mr. I. C. Ford returned to his home in Fenton, Mich., on Tuesday. Mr. Ford owns a nice bungalow on Connecticut avenue in Doop's Addition.

Mrs. Mary Dunlap and Mr. and Mrs. Christman left Tuesday morning for their home in Columbus, Ohio, after a pleasant winter spent in St. Cloud.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chisum, who have been winter guests in this city, left Monday for Orlando, where they will spend a few days before returning to their home in Bloss, N. Y.

Mr. Nason, who has been a guest at the New St. Cloud Hotel this winter, left Thursday morning to spend three weeks at Daytona, before going on to his northern home.

Minerva B. Cushman, M. D., D. O., Homeopath. Phone 38. 24-4f

Mr. and Mrs. William Hall left on Tuesday for Jacksonville, where they attended the meeting of the Grand Chapter, Order of Eastern Star, in session there this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. S. Cooper, who have been pleasantly located on Eighth street, between Florida and Ohio avenues, left on Tuesday for their northern home at Toledo, Iowa.

Milton Pledger, food administrator for Osceola County, was a visitor to Jacksonville on Thursday of last week in attendance on a convention of the food administrators of the state.

The Unit of the A. & N. U. of the Red Cross meets the first Thursday in every month at the Red Cross rooms, New York avenue and Twelfth street. Come and bring your thimble with you.

Western meats will be on sale at Rowland's New York Market next Saturday. Come and get your supply for Sunday. 30-4f

Mr. and Mrs. George Barber, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. French and Mr. Myron F. Barber, were dinner guests on Friday of last week at the home of Mrs. Lydia Daugherty and niece, Miss Ella McAllister.

C. P. Hansell and C. E. Burns left Tuesday morning for Zephyrhills and Dade City for a short visit, from whence Mr. Hansell will return to his home in Cincinnati, and Mr. Burns will return to St. Cloud.

Ladies Take Notice! Just received a shipment of Holeproof Fibertex Silk Hose in white and black and we will be unable to get any more before December 1. H. C. Stanford Company, Josh Ferguson, Manager.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Adams left on Wednesday morning for their home in Defiance, Ohio, after spending the winter in St. Cloud, which they have enjoyed, and hope if nothing prevents to return another winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Haymaker and daughter left Tuesday morning for their home in Ohio after a delightful winter spent in our city. They have many friends who will be glad to welcome them back another season.

Comrade James Schnee left this morning for Lanark, Ill., after spending several weeks in St. Cloud. He contemplates returning here again next winter, and will keep posted through the Tribune during his absence.

Fresh Western beef and pork of every kind at the New York Market on Saturday. 32-4f

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

Mrs. D. E. Smith, Mrs. Douglas Bassett arrived from Tampa last Saturday, where they have been spending several days with Dr. Frank Crafte, who continued on his way home in New York, after leaving Tampa.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Elliott left Tuesday morning for their home in Nebraska, after spending the winter in our pleasant city. They have recently purchased the John Dunlap home on Minnesota avenue and Sixteenth street.

L. C. Riddle, dentist. Office hours 8 a. m. to 5 p. m., Conn building. 7-4f

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Wren left Tuesday morning for their home in Overland Park, Kan., after spending five months in our midst. This is the fifth winter they have spent in St. Cloud and hope to return here again next winter.

Comrade C. P. Chisum, who lives at the New St. Cloud Hotel, celebrated his 84th birthday Tuesday. He was as hale and hearty as many who are several years younger and received congratulations of his many friends all during the day.

Mr. F. W. Rogers, who has been spending his first winter in Florida, has purchased the Bennett property on Carolina avenue, between Seventh and Eighth street, and is now occupying his new home, and will spend the summer in his new location.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel W. Rode and daughters left for their home in Brownstown, Ill., after a winter spent in St. Cloud. They have a home on Maryland avenue, and many friends who will be glad to welcome them back another season.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pratt left Saturday morning for Norwalk, Ohio, having spent the winter in this city. They have been here each season for five years, stopping each time at the home of W. H. Borden, on Massachusetts avenue and Fifth street.

Call on J. W. Smith, Kentucky avenue and Seventh street, for cabbage, onion, collard plants, mustard, kale, or rape for greens. Fresh vegetables every day. 25-4f

Comrade A. M. Doughty, desiring to see the city more attractive, has set a good example by giving his home a new coat of paint. Mr. Doughty always takes pride in the beauty of St. Cloud and does his share to keep things looking attractive.

Owing to the increase in prices of all kinds of dairy feed, The Model Dairy finds it necessary after the 15th to raise the price of pure milk to 15c per quart. Customers buying a ticket for 17 pints will pay \$1.25; without the ticket it will cost 8c per pint. 11

Comrade A. N. Protzman and wife and John B. Rowland left Tuesday for their old home in Hillsdale, Kan. This was the eighth winter that Mr. and Mrs. Protzman had spent in St. Cloud and they said when they departed that this place was good enough for anybody.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. White and Mrs. White's father, Mr. Richardson, returned home Friday from a week's outing spent very pleasantly on Fish Lake. Mr. Richardson will leave in about two weeks for his northern home in Ayer, Mass., where he will spend the summer.

The Model Dairy wagon has been given a fresh coat of paint during the past week. This is in keeping with Mr. Morgan's policy to keep everything connected with the dairy in first class shape. The wagon now appears in a dress of dark cream with yellow running gear.

Mr. Stanbaugh, of Akron, Ohio, an architect, is here under instruction of Mr. Haymaker, looking after the construction of a two-story business block on his lots, corner of New York avenue and Tenth street. He will return on the first of May to consult with Mr. Haymaker.

Mrs. Etta B. Eaton and daughter, Miss Endora left Tuesday morning for Bunnell, Fla., where they will visit Mrs. Lloyd Harvey, formerly Miss Blanche Eaton, before going to Pawtucket, R. I., where they expect to make their future home with her son, Frank Eaton. They have many friends who wish them success in their new home.

Rowland's new market supplies more people in St. Cloud with their fresh and salt meats than all other places. Come and see for yourself. 33-4f

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

Liberty Bonds Are as Sound as Your Dollars

Why is a \$10 Bill Valuable?

Only because the United States Government has promised to "pay-on-demand" \$10 in gold to the "bearer." That promise is backed by the whole wealth of the country. Knowing the Government can keep its promise, you do not hesitate to accept a \$10 bill in payment for products or service rendered. The same promise that is behind your \$10 bill is behind every

Liberty Bond

There is but one difference: Your bill does NOT draw interest; Liberty bonds do. Both are backed by the same security. As long as the Government can pay "on demand" the ten dollars in gold represented by your bill, its promise on the Liberty Bond will be kept.

United States Government Bonds are the Safest Security in the World

YOU CAN BUY THEM ON EASY TERMS

This space contributed and paid for in the interest of the third Liberty Loan Bonds by

H. C. STANFORD CO.
JOSH FERGUSON, Mgr.

W. T. Angel, Mrs. Rose Kirkland and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mueller returned Saturday from a trip down the east coast to Miami, having started from St. Cloud on Tuesday of last week, going by Daytona and returning by way of Melbourne. They report a delightful trip to points of interest on the east coast, but state that they encountered the only bad road on the trip on the road from Melbourne to St. Cloud.

D. H. Rudd, who arrived in St. Cloud last week for a visit with his cousin, D. B. Hull, left Monday for Sanford by St. Johns river steamer and after a short visit in Jacksonville and St. Augustine, will go to New York to bid farewell to his son, who is soon to go to France to join the ranks of the American troops. Mr.

Rudd had not seen his cousin for fifty years until they met last week, and after looking over the city became well pleased and stated to the Tribune representative that he intended to come back as soon as he could make arrangements in New York state.

A Whale of a Sale! on men's tailor made suits. Just think of it, Genuine Custom Made Tailored Clothes, all wool, for only fifteen dollars, for the next ten days we will make this offer to you and we have twenty-two fine samples to select from. This will probably be your last chance to get any thing like it until the war is over. \$15 Suits. H. C. Stanford Company, Josh Ferguson, Mgr. 21

Mr. and Mrs. William Moore, of Missouri avenue and Tenth street expect to leave Saturday morning for their home in Salem, Ill. They have been coming to St. Cloud for the past nine years, and expect to return another season. Mrs. Moore has been quite ill and her many friends hope for a speedy recovery, for they are a genial couple and have many friends who will extend the glad hand to welcome them back to St. Cloud.

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

READERS, TAKE A HINT, AND SEND IN NEWS ITEMS.

If you have a bit of news Send it in.
Or a joke that will amuse, Send it in.
A story that is true, An incident that's new, We want to hear from you! Send it in.
Will your story make us laugh? Send it in.
Send along a photograph, Send it in.
Never mind about your style, If it's only worth the while, And will make the reader smile, Send it in.
—Miami Metropolis.

Comrade Lewis Horst left on Monday to spend the summer in California.

Mrs. M. A. Clark, of Kissimmee, was a visitor in St. Cloud last Friday.

Earl Nighswonger, of Tampa, was a visitor here for a short time this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bruns, of Narcoossee, were St. Cloud visitors on Monday.

Mr. Stephen Wheeler left on Wednesday for New Hampshire, where he will spend the summer.

Get fresh tomatoes, cucumbers, and beans, fresh Western meats at Smith's Department store on Saturday.

Mrs. Bessie Morgan left Wednesday evening for Jacksonville, where she expects to attend a business school.

Mrs. Gwendolyn Gelston was the weekend guest of Miss Olive Savage at the Manhattan Hotel, at Kissimmee.

Mrs. L. U. Zimmerman has been ill for a few days this week but her many friends will be pleased to know that she is improving.

Take your laundry to the Clyde. Agt. for the Orlando Steam Laundry. 11

Mr. Harvey, who has been a guest at the New St. Cloud Hotel this winter, left on Wednesday morning for his old home in Barnett, N. H.

Comrade T. C. Bullard, of Palatka, is in St. Cloud this week visiting his sons, Prof. N. H. Bullard and G. F. Bullard and their families.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Haymaker left Tuesday for Kent, O., after spending the winter here, this being their second winter in the Wonder City.

Mr. Frank Gilbert, who has been employed in the Bank of Saint Cloud, was transferred to Fort Lee, N. J., leaving for that place last Friday.

Nell Bartlett, who has been at home on a short visit, left Wednesday morning for Ft. Dade to resume his duties with the coast artillery.

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

THIS WAR MUST BE FOUGHT ON EUROPEAN SOIL

Buy Liberty Bonds Now
and help win the war on the present battle fields

THIS SPACE DONATED BY

WALTER HARRIS

St. Cloud's Original and Leading Plumber

C&B DAILY BETWEEN BUFFALO & CLEVELAND

3 MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS 3

The Great Ship "SEANDREE" — "CITY OF ERIE" — "CITY OF BUFFALO"

BUFFALO — Daily, May 1st to Nov. 15th — CLEVELAND

Leave Buffalo — 5:00 P.M. Eastern — 11:00 A.M. Cleveland — 9:00 P.M.
Arrive Cleveland — 7:10 A.M. Standard Time — Arrive Buffalo — 7:10 A.M.

Connections at Cleveland for Cedar Point, Put-in-Bay, Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest. Railroad tickets reading between Buffalo and Cleveland are good for transportation on our steamers. Ask your ticket agent for tickets via C. & B. Line. New Tourist Automobile Rate—47.50 Round Trip, with 2 days return limit, for cars not exceeding 120 lbs. weight.

Beautifully colored sectional puzzle chart of The Great Ship "SEANDREE" sent on receipt of five cents. Also ask for our 8-page pictorial and descriptive booklet free.

The Cleveland & Buffalo
Transit Company
Cleveland, Ohio

FARE \$3.52

The Great Ship "Seandree"—the largest and most costly passenger steamer on inland waters of the world. Sleeping capacity, 1500 passengers.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK A LOT OF Ladies' White Shirt Waists and Skirts

and the prices and articles are very attractive. Lot of

Pretty White Dresses For Girls

Age six to twelve, trimmed in pretty lace inserting and pink and blue ribbon. Just the thing for the school commencements only a few weeks off. We have a neat line of staples such as

Ginghams, Percales, Calicoes, Cheviots, Homespun Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting

You can do your bit by purchasing and using the class of goods and have money left to purchase War Saving Stamps.

REMEMBER

we handle the Warner Rustproof Corsets, Holeproof Silk Hosiery and Lisle Hose, Queen Quality Shoes for Ladies, W. L. Douglas and Florsheim for Men and Buster Brown for Boys and Girls.

You Can Always Play Safe By Trading With Uncle Josh.

H. C. STANFORD CO.

NEW YORK AVENUE

MY WAR-DAY NOTEBOOK

(Copied from Diary of Comrade A. A. Griswold, who spent the winter in St. Cloud)

I have had strong thoughts of enlisting ever since the war first broke out, but had nearly given up the idea until a friend and old school mate of mine, and whom I had not seen for several years, came home from the war on a furlough in the latter part of January, 1914. As he had been out two years and a half, and had seen some hard fighting, I concluded I would go with him and try a soldier's life myself, although my friends advised me not to go.

On the 25th of February, 1914, I took leave of my friends, thinking that perhaps I should never see them again, and went to Hartford on the cars to enlist. The next day I put my name down on the enlistment papers and went down to New London, where I passed examination, and commenced duty as a soldier. I soon found out that I had gotten among a rough set of men, where whiskey was the ruling power to a great extent, and one was in danger of being hit in the head by flying bottles and having valuables and clothing transferred to other parties without your consent. This was a camp where recruits were sent from all parts of the state to be fitted out, paid off, and sent to the different Connecticut regiments at the front.

I soon found it rather dull staying there in such close confinement, and wished to join my regiment as soon as possible.

Lost all of my clothing except what I had on, the first night I was on guard, as I did not leave it in care of any one. I suffered considerably with cold as I had to be out several very cold, stormy nights, and was on guard quite often every other day. Was there over six weeks before being sent to my regiment.

I suffered more in those six weeks than any time of the same length since, although I have seen a good deal of hardship and danger since then.

On the 12th of April I left Fort Trumbull, New London, feeling that I would go most anywhere if I could just get away from there. The next day we arrived at Washington after a pleasant ride of less than 24 hours, where we stayed over night at the Soldiers' Rest and were served to some coffee, boiled pork and bread for supper and breakfast. From there we went to Alexandria and were sent under guard over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, passing through Wheeling, Virginia, Columbus and Cincinnati, O., Louisville, Ky., and Nashville, Tenn. At the latter place we stopped one and a half days in a large building, supposed to have been built by the rebel general Zollicoffer. Nashville is quite a large business place and was General Sherman's base of supplies.

We arrived at Chattanooga on the 22nd day of April; went to General Hooker's headquarters and joined my regiment on the 25th, having been about thirteen days on the journey.

On the 28th of April I started with my regiment from Cowan Station, in Tennessee, on a long campaign, marching some 50 or 60 miles to Chattanooga, and from thence on to Resaca where we fought the first battle, May 15th, in which our regiment lost quite heavily, as well as a great many others. I was not in the battle as I had no gun but carried a pickaxe and was one of the pioneers. That night the rebels left.

The next day we passed over the battle field and saw quite a number of the dead and wounded. Several pieces of their artillery and large quantities of meat, corn, etc. May 17th the pioneers worked on a bridge over a small river, where the wagon trains were crossing and got some ways behind our regiment. We marched quite late that night but did not overtake them until the next day.

May 18th, we had a skirmish with the rebels at Cassville, and took possession of the place. The next day our regiments pitched their tents near a church. It was quite a pleasant place.

We stayed there two or three days and thought it the pleasantest spot I had seen since leaving Nashville.

May 25: Had quite a hard battle near Dallas, Ga., in which our regiment was engaged. Saw the wounded coming back to the hospital very fast for two or three hours, until night closed in, when it commenced raining. Could not find our regiment, it was so dark. After it had stopped raining we rolled ourselves in our blankets, laid down on the ground and slept until we were awakened by our regiment passing by early in the morning. Will now copy some of my diary:

May 28th, moved a short distance today, as some of the men are getting wounded by stray bullets as we lay back in reserve, and I helped bury five men while the rebels made a charge on a battery near us. The shot flew very thick around us for a few minutes. Expected every minute I should be hit, but none of us were hurt.

May 29, went up to the hospital this morning and saw a good many wounded. The hospital is quite full. They are still fighting some, night and day. The rebels make a charge once in a while and are driven back.

May 30: we are now 25 or 30 miles from Atlanta. The rebels are well fortified here and are skirmishing yet. I have been pioneering a little today.

June 2d: Our regiment is skirmishing today in the woods. Several of the men were badly wounded. It is a wet day and we pioneers drew rations and carried them nearly a mile to the men.

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

Hear quite a roar of musketry on the skirmish line night and day.

June 5th: We got quite wet last night, as it rained quite hard, but we had our little tent up, which protected us from the weather. It cleared off quite pleasant this morning, but it is very muddy. The rebels are retreating and we are in pursuit of them, but have not overtaken them yet.

June 6th: Marched a little ways, put up our tents for the night, as we supposed, but soon had orders to take them down and go on again, which is very often the case when we get comfortably fixed for the night. A soldier can hardly ever tell an hour ahead what time of day or night he may have to march. Did not go very far, but helped cut a road through the woods and had a good chance to see some skirmishing for the first time.

June 7th: Have a good place to camp and rest today, and two mails came in, one bringing me a letter from home, which cheered me up very much.

June 15: Marched a short distance, and as we were getting supper was disturbed by a continual roar of musketry firing near us and the troops were hurried up to the scene of conflict, but our brigade was not engaged in the fight.

June 16th: Went a short distance and built breastworks in plain sight of the enemy's works, and while their pickets and sharpshooters were firing at us. Our regiment supported a battery which I think did good execution and lost only a very few men on our side.

June 17th: The rebels left last night. I went over the battle field this morning and saw quite a number of dead on both sides. One of our men was killed on the skirmish line by a shell from our own gun, accidentally. In one place I saw a ramrod sticking through a small log, which had probably been fired there by a rebel. Their works were very strong and had been built some time. Marched over their breastworks and soon came to a clearing, where they threw a few shells amongst us, but they were soon driven over the hill by our battery, where we had a good view of them and the country.

June 18: There is some sharp cannonading today; our works are in the open field, theirs in the woods, but we are driving them slowly all the time.

June 19th: Are having some hard showers but are following up the rebels, help a battery up a hill and building breastworks on the skirmish line while the bullets were hitting the trees all around us and some of the men.

June 22nd: Had to report to my company, take a gun, and after marching nearly two miles we came to a halt in the woods near the skirmish line, and had not been there long when they were attacked and we marched double quick up to support them and fought two or three hours, when the rebels fell back with a very heavy loss, while we lost but a few men. This was my first experience in a battle. I felt considerably excited and afraid of being hit at first, but soon began to get a little over it and discharged my gun several times at the rebels, although we could not see many of them. After the fight was over we buried the dead, sent off the wounded and built breastworks.

June 23: Have been laying behind our breastworks and making them stronger while the pickets are out in front of us a short way skirmishing. We are situated in an open field and had a good view of our line for some distance on our left, and also Kenesaw Mountain, which I should think is 8 or ten miles from us. Can see the smoke of our shells bursting up the mountain and just hear some heavy firing up there.

June 27: They are still skirmishing some, night and day. The troops on our left advanced today and captured some rebel works. A battery near us fired a shell at a rebel picket earth works, which passed through them, then the rebels fired at one of our picket posts, which we thought was quite amusing, and showed some bravery on the part of the rebels.

June 28: Was detailed today for brigade provost guard, which I think is very fortunate, as I shall not have to be in a battle or on picket.

July 3rd: Have not done much for several days except standing on guard at headquarters and loafing about. It is very warm and we keep in the shade as much as possible. Heard some sharp skirmishing at the front once in a while, but the rebels left last night and we are following them up today. It is very warm and hard marching. We passed over and saw the rebel works, which are very strong, but they could not stand Sherman's flanking.

July 4th and 5th: Are on the march again and hear some artillery fighting; expected we would have a battle, but did not. Camped about 7 or 8 miles from Atlanta, which we can see from here.

July 8th: Are laying out a camp with streets between the companies and putting up bunks in our tents about two feet from the ground to sleep on. I think it will be a very pleasant camp when we get it finished.

July 9th: Went out about two miles as guard for the teams, and cut up and loaded them with green corn. We drew five days' rations today, consisting of hard tack, sugar, coffee, beans, pork and dried potatoes. Think we shall live pretty well now.

July 10: Was on guard this morning and also went over to the 123rd N. Y. regiment to attend a meeting. Our chaplain went home before I joined my regiment on account of health. Do not see but few chaplains in the army now.

July 12th: Was over to Division Headquarters today to see H. Shaw. Do not get much news now and feel somewhat lonesome laying still.

July 17th: Am on guard again and

CANDY- Fresh Shipment Just Received

Boxes Just the Thing For Your Girl

Cigars—Tobaccos—Cold Drinks

Magazines and Newspapers Every Day

THE ALCOVE

NEW YORK AVENUE

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

NOTARY PUBLIC

S. W. PORTER

Office Porter Building, Penna. Ave.

REAL ESTATE

INSURANCE

(Buy a War Saving Stamp)

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

There was warm work for a little while. Our regiment lost three or four killed and several wounded. Went to the hospital with H. Shaw. It is getting quite full, and they still keep bringing the wounded in quite often. (To be Continued.)

EXCESS WATER SQUEEZED FROM NEW-LAID CONCRETE ROADS

Were it not for Capt. J. J. Gallar, city engineer of Macon, Ga., excess water would still be regarded an unavoidable evil in building concrete roads. He has originated a finishing treatment for the concrete which squeezes out a large amount of the water after the road has been laid.

After the concrete is roughly finished a wide, heavy roller is drawn across the road. The weight of this roller removes the uneven spots in the road and at the same time presses out the water that has lodged in the minute spaces in the sand and gravel of the concrete.

When this operation is repeated many times there is little water left. Especially is this so in the top surfaces of the roadbed. The result is that where the wear on the road is greatest the concrete will set right. Popular Science Monthly.

INDIANS FIGHTING FOR UNCLE SAM

Uncle Sam's Indian wards are doing their bit at the front, according to the Young Men's Christian Association Bulletin of the Haskell Institute, which presents an official list of several hundred names of young Indians who are serving under the Stars and Stripes in the Army and Navy.

Lieut. F. Omondeyoh, a Mohawk, is in command of a company of Canadian Indians serving in France, according to a correspondent of the New York Times, and men from all the Indian schools are to be found in every capacity in the Army, as officers of lower grades, infantry, artillery, marines, sailors, hospital corps, and the Y. M. C. A. service.

In December last, Cato Sells returned from a tour of the Texas confinements, where he found approximately 1,500 Indians in uniform. He describes them as a splendid body of men physically with a wonderful spirit of patriotism. In an article in the Muskogee Daily Phoenix, he writes:

I was especially pleased that the Indians are not segregated, but that they are located without regard to the fact that they are Indians. I am strongly opposed to independent Indian units, large or small, and am firm in the opinion that they should enter the army upon the same basis as other citizens; that they should be mixed indiscriminately among the whites, elbow to elbow, so they may absorb the English language, habits and civilization of their white brothers. In this way only can they advance. I want no discrimination either for or against them, but believe that they should be promoted on the basis of merit.

July 21st: Went over the battle field this morning in front of our brigade and counted forty of our dead in going a short distance. Our regiment lost over 50 killed and wounded; a regiment to the right of us lost about a hundred men and another regiment in our brigade lost nearly all of its commissioned officers and had only privates left.

July 22d: The rebels have retreated and we followed them within two or three miles of Atlanta. There is a sharp artillery fight today, one or two of the balls came very near home while I was reading a paper.

July 26th: Saw considerable artillery fighting today, some of the shells coming back to our headquarters, doing but little damage, though moved the headquarters a short distance further back. The rebels have plenty of artillery and ammunition here, which they are not afraid to use, but their shells do not hit any one very often.

July 30th: Advanced our lines today.

U. S. MEDICAL SERVICE BEST IN WORLD'S HISTORY

With our troops to France will go the largest, best organized, best equipped medical branch in the world's history. In the formation of this department we have had the benefit of the united experience of the English and French surgeons general.

Few are aware to what an extent the doctors and surgeons of the country have responded. From no other profession or occupation has the percentage of volunteers been so large.

Ten months ago in the office of the surgeon general in Washington, there were only six assistants, and the total enlisted men in both army and navy numbered 420, including our territorial possessions.

When the call came there were 143,000 surgeons and physicians in the United States. Immediately 25,000 of them volunteered for service. Of these over 14,000 have already been accepted to date.

The executive force in the surgeon general's office has grown from six to over 200, and here are gathered each day and far into the night, and often all night, scores of the ablest surgeons in the land. Experts and professors from the largest medical schools and hospitals; doctors whose books are studied at home and abroad; surgeons who were earning a princely fortune each year, to whom patients traveled thousands of miles; others with more moderate incomes who could less well afford to do so, gave up their practice and have joined the medical branch. And these earnest men are rapidly forging into shape the largest and most efficient surgical organization that the world has ever known.—H. H. Windsor, in Popular Mechanics.

BUT EIGHT STATES FAIL TO ENLIST FULL QUOTA FOR ARMY

Just one year ago, when this country was preparing to enter the world war, the war department issued a call for 183,898 regular army recruits. That number was divided into state quotas, each state being allotted an equal percentage of her population. That the country as a whole responded with great patriotism is shown by the fact that all the states, with the exception of eight, have recruited men in excess of their quotas. The total recruitment to date is 398,105, being 214,207 in excess of the total quota.

Sectionally the western states lead in the recruitment in ratio to their quotas. The eight states which have not enlisted their quotas are: Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, Vermont and Wisconsin. Maryland, New Mexico, North Dakota, West Virginia, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky and Maine

BEEF CATTLE

....WANTED....

Cash Paid

We desire to buy beef cattle in large or small quantities, and will not ask stockmen to take notes for their cattle, but will pay spot cash on purchase for the stock. We want cattle from one year old up. Condition of stock and weight will govern price.

Apply in person or write

Bass & Phillips

St. Cloud, Fla. or Orlando, Fla.



LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT

In Circuit Court for the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida, in and for Osceola County, Court will action, Rull Bass, plaintiff, vs. Georgia Land & Livestock Company, a Georgia corporation, defendant. Assumpsit; damages, \$5,000.00. To Georgia Land & Livestock Company, a Georgia corporation, Townsend, Georgia, and all others whom it may concern: It appearing by return of the sheriff upon the summons issued in this case that you are a resident of the State of Florida, and that you are a resident of Townsend, Georgia, and plaintiff applying to this court for a notice of institution of this suit, directed to you, to be published according to law, you are hereby notified that the above suit was instituted in the above court on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1918, the same being a suit in assumpsit claiming damages in the amount of Five Thousand Dollars, and carrying ancillary garnishment directed to the Citizens Bank of Kissimmee, a Florida banking corporation, and you are hereby ordered to appear in said suit on or before the June Rules, A. D. 1918, namely the 3rd day of said month, to defend this cause, and to answer the petition filed in the St. Cloud Tribune, a weekly newspaper published and of general circulation in the County of Osceola, and State of Florida, once a week for two months. Witness the Honorable James W. Perkins, as Judge of said court, and my name as clerk thereof, and the seal of said court, at Kissimmee, Osceola County, Florida, on this 26th day of March, A. D. 1918. J. L. OVERSTREET, as clerk of said court. (Circuit Court seal).

In the County Court in and for Osceola County, Florida, Rull Bass, plaintiff, vs. Georgia Land & Livestock Company, a Georgia corporation, defendant. Assumpsit; damages \$500.00. To Georgia Land & Livestock Company, a Georgia corporation, Townsend, Georgia, and all others whom it may concern: It appearing by return of the sheriff upon the summons issued in this case that you are a non-resident of the State of Florida, and that you are a resident of Townsend, Georgia, and plaintiff applying to this court for a notice of institution of this suit, directed to you, to be published according to law, you are hereby notified that the above suit was instituted in the above court on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1918, the same being a suit in assumpsit claiming damages in the amount of Five Hundred Dollars, and carrying ancillary garnishment directed to the Citizens Bank of Kissimmee, a Florida banking corporation, and you are hereby ordered to appear in said suit on or before the June Rules, A. D. 1918, namely the 3rd day of said month. It is further ordered that this order be published in the St. Cloud Tribune, a weekly newspaper published and of general circulation in the County of Osceola and State of Florida, once a week for two months. Witness the Honorable T. M. Murphy, as Judge of said court, and my name as clerk thereof, and the seal of said court, at Kissimmee, Osceola County, Florida, on this 26th day of March, A. D. 1918. J. L. OVERSTREET, as clerk of said court. (County Court seal).

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In Court of the County Judge, Osceola County, State of Florida.

In Re Estate of Frances E. Caldwell. To All Legatees, Distributees and all Persons Having Claims or Demands Against Said Estate:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Frances E. Caldwell, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida, to the undersigned executor of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.

Dated February 12th, A. D. 1918.

W. I. BARBER, Executor.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT

CITATION OF ADMINISTRATION
In Court of the County Judge, State of Florida, Osceola County.
Estate of Horace J. Barclay.
BY THE JUDGE OF SAID COURT.
Whereas, Jos. A. Barclay has applied to this court for Letters of Administration on the estate of Horace J. Barclay, deceased, late of said county of Osceola, Florida, and

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of said deceased to be and appear before this court on or before the 20th day of April, A. D. 1918, and file objections, if any they have, to the granting of Letters of Administration on said estate, otherwise the same will be granted to said Jos. A. Barclay or to some other fit person or persons.

Witness my name as County Judge of the county aforesaid this 16th day of March, A. D. 1918.

(SEAL) T. M. MURPHY, County Judge.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR TAX DEED

Notice is hereby given that W. C. Foster, purchaser of Tax Certificate No. 116, dated the 6th day of July, A. D. 1914, has filed said certificate in my office, and has made application for tax deed to issue in accordance with law. Said certificate embraces the following property, situated in Osceola County, Florida, to-wit: W 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Section 20, Township Thirty-three (33) South, Range Thirty-three (33) East.

The said land being assessed at the date of the issuance of said certificate in the name of Southern Colonization Company. Unless said certificate shall be redeemed according to law, tax deed will issue thereon on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1918.

J. L. OVERSTREET, Clerk Circuit Court, Osceola County, Florida.

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J. L. OVERSTREET, Clerk Circuit Court, Osceola County, Florida.

NOTICE OF MASTER'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a final decree of foreclosure issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida, in and for Osceola County, in Chancery sitting, in a certain cause therein pending wherein the Plaintiff Bank of West Palm Beach, Florida, is complainant, and Alfred A. Tano and Anna C. Tano, his wife, are respondents, the undersigned as Special Master in Chancery will sell at public outcry during the legal hours of sale before the court house door in the city of Kissimmee, Florida, in said County of Osceola and State of Florida, on Monday, the 6th day of May, A. D. 1918, the following described real estate situated in said Osceola County, Florida.

Block 41, E. 47, 1/8 of East Bass' Addition to the town of Kissimmee City, Florida, according to the plat thereof on file in the public records of Orange County, Florida, a copy of which plat is also on file in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Osceola County, Florida Terms of sale, cash.

W. B. CRAWFORD, Special Master in Chancery.

Filed Kissimmee, Florida, April 1, 1918.

TELLAIR KNIGHT, Attorney for complainant.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT

CITATION OF ADMINISTRATION
In Court of the County Judge, State of Florida, Osceola County.
Estate of John Samuel Thompson.
BY THE JUDGE OF SAID COURT.
Whereas, W. B. Crawford has applied to this court for Letters of Administration with will annexed, on the estate of John Samuel Thompson, deceased, late of said County of Osceola.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of said deceased to be and appear before this court on or before the 30th day of April, A. D. 1918, and file objections, if any they have, to the granting of Letters of Administration on said estate, otherwise the same will be granted to said W. B. Crawford or to some other fit person or persons.

Witness my name as County Judge of the County aforesaid this 28th day of March, A. D. 1918.

(SEAL) T. M. MURPHY, County Judge.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In Court of the County Judge, Osceola County, State of Florida.

In Re Estate of Margaret E. Boswell.

To All Creditors, Legatees, Distributees and all Persons Having Claims or Demands Against Said Estate:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Margaret E. Boswell, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida, to the undersigned administrator of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.

Dated March 1st, A. D. 1918.

J. H. BOSWELL, Administrator.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In Court of the County Judge, Osceola County, State of Florida. In Re Estate of Elliott H. Burr.

To all Creditors, Legatees and all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified and required to present any claims and demands which you, or either of you, may have against the estate of Elliott H. Burr, deceased, late of Osceola County, Florida, to the undersigned executor of said estate, within two years from the date hereof.

Dated April 2, A. D. 1918.

WILLIAM W. BURR, Executor.

RANCH LANDS FOR SALE

IN THE HEART OF THE CATTLE GROWING REGION OF FLORIDA

Several tracts of the choicest grazing lands where grasses are luxuriant and water convenient and sufficient; where range the state's largest herds.

Prices Reasonable. Liberal Terms.

Arthur E. Donegan, Kissimmee, Florida

When Germany belittles American war preparations they are merely going by what they hear congress says.

ALL VARIETY OF CITRUS TREES
Come, see what you are buying. Just think you can have your trees up and planted again before the roots get dry, and that is one of the secrets to your success in planting citrus trees.
CITY MARSHAL, Owner and Manager
Located on Vermont Ave. and 11th St., St. Cloud, Fla.

Notary Public **B. F. RALES, Manager** Legal Work
ST. CLOUD REALTY CO.
REAL ESTATE INSURANCE
114 New York Ave. 27-4

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Kissimmee, Fla., April 4, 1918.

The school board met in regular session on the above date, there being present W. C. Bass, chairman; W. R. Lanier and J. H. Baisden; also C. E. Yowell, superintendent.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The State Bank of Kissimmee, county school depository, reported as follows:

General School Fund

To balance on hand as per last report \$3,758.95

To amount received from Ernest T. Murphy, hunting licenses 16.50

To amount received from Ernest T. Murphy, hunting licenses 16.50

Amos, redemptions 421.80

Taxes 2,996.25

By paid warrants as per list \$12,194.50

By balance \$1,483.15

S. S. D. No. 1 Fund

To balance on hand as per last report \$89.65

To amount received from C. L. Handy, taxes 327.36

To amount received from Ernest T. Murphy, hunting licenses 7.50

By paid warrants as per list \$424.20

By balance \$93.57

S. S. D. No. 2 Fund

To balance on hand as per last report \$122.67

To amount received from C. L. Handy, taxes 45.26

By paid warrants as per list \$167.03

By balance \$109.92

S. S. D. No. 3 Fund

To balance on hand as per last report \$69.16

To amount received from C. L. Handy, taxes 110.50

By paid warrants as per list \$189.72

By balance \$59.90

S. S. D. No. 4 Fund

To balance on hand as per last report \$112.22

To amount received from C. L. Handy, taxes 1.13

By balance \$113.25

S. S. D. No. 5 Fund

To balance on hand as per last report \$4.61

To amount received from C. L. Handy, taxes 3.61

By balance \$8.22

Bills were approved and warrants issued as follows:

General School Fund

C. E. Yowell, sal. supt. \$145.00

W. C. Bass, M. B. P. I. 4.00

W. R. Lanier, M. B. P. I. 5.00

J. H. Baisden, M. B. P. I. 5.00

J. S. Cade, atty for board 12.50

Bratton & Guile, rent 5.00

G. B. Woodall, janitor 50.00

Mrs. J. E. Figgart, janitor 35.00

Miss Albina Smith, can. club 50.00

R. D. Brown, services 25.00

C. E. Yowell, 3 mos. incidentals 50.00

G. E. Woodall, attendance officer 25.00

Rhea Pherris, office work 15.00

Teachers' Salaries:

R. M. Evans 250.00

Miss Almendra Leitner 100.00

L. O. Rogers 125.00

Miss Emma Rothman 80.00

Miss Elizabeth Tribble 80.00

Miss Jessie Lee Blackmon 80.00

Miss Elsie Skilton 80.00

Mrs. F. C. Bryan 70.00

Miss Lola Lawler 70.00

Miss Virgil Kent 70.00

Miss Cleo Woodridge 70.00

Miss Florida Wilkes 70.00

Mrs. F. C. Edwards 70.00

Mrs. J. W. Trammell 70.00

Miss Cecelia Overstreet 70.00

Miss Louise Thomson 70.00

Miss M. C. Bryan 70.00

Miss Lillian Dale 70.00

Miss Ruth Clark 70.00

Miss Madona Russell 25.00

Miss Lucy Witherspoon 70.00

Miss Elton Guile 60.00

Miss Emma Yowell 50.00

Miss Nellie McQuarrie 62.75

Miss Allie Henderson 21.25

Miss Elsie Batton 45.00

R. E. Franklin 65.00

Miss Beale Lawson 100.00

S. H. Telford 100.00

Mrs. Laura Lee 75.00

Miss Kate Caplinger 70.00

Miss Mertie Fletcher 70.00

Miss Katherine Shadon 60.00

Miss Mary Florence 60.00

Miss Emma Tyson 60.00

AN **Opportunity** FOR **Development**

IF YOU DON'T OWN THE LOTS ADJOINING YOUR PROPERTY IN ST. CLOUD, AND NEED MORE ROOM TO BUILD A HOME LIKE YOU WISH, CALL AND SEE IF THE LARGE NUMBER OF LOTS LISTED WITH ME FOR SALE WILL INCLUDE WHAT YOU DESIRE. TO PERSONS WHO WANT TO DEVELOP THE TOWN I HAVE SOME EXCELLENT OFFERS TO MAKE ON CITY LOTS IN PRACTICALLY EVERY PART OF THE CITY.

EXCHANGE FIVE-ACRE TRACTS FOR CITY LOTS

I AM IN POSITION TO OFFER EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN EXCHANGE PROPERTY AND WILL TAKE FIVE-ACRE TRACTS IN THE ST. CLOUD SECTION IN EXCHANGE FOR CITY LOTS. CALL AND TELL ME WHAT YOU WANT IN EITHER CITY OR COUNTY PROPERTY.

4,000 acres fine pasture land at \$6 per acre plenty of water and good grass.

100-foot lot on Pennsylvania Ave., between 4th and 5th Streets; improved; at a bargain.

120 acres, close in, on hard-surfaced road; 10 acres in fine grove of citrus fruits; good house, barn and all out-buildings; snap at \$12,000.00. Grove ten years old.

Two beautiful 6-room bungalows, bath, toilet and all improvements, centrally located; \$1,400 each.

14 acres, 3 miles from city limits; 5 acres in bearing orange, grapefruit and peaches; grove nine years old; good house, barn, farming implements, wagon, horse; all under cultivation; well worth \$5,000. \$2,500 if sold immediately.

One 4-room, finished cottage, two lots, improved, faces east on Carolina avenue, porch in front and back. The price is \$500.00.

If you want to get real bargains in St. Cloud real estate, or if you have good property to sell at the right price, call on or write

Leon D. Lamb

ST. CLOUD FLA.

For Thrifty People

WE wish to call your attention to a few pertinent facts concerning the opportunities offered for home-building in St. Cloud and vicinity.

We are the owners of the largest area of land in the vicinity of St. Cloud.

We sell city lots in St. Cloud.

We sell cattle ranches.

We sell farms.

We sell orange groves.

We sell truck farm lands.

We sell five-acre tracts.

We buy the same; we exchange lots and five-acre tracts with those now owning lands in this vicinity.

Drop us a line and tell us what you want to buy, sell or trade. Prices on request.

St. Cloud Development Co.

ST. CLOUD, FLA.

WANTED CYPRESS LOGS

Address **LANDECK LUMBER COMPANY**

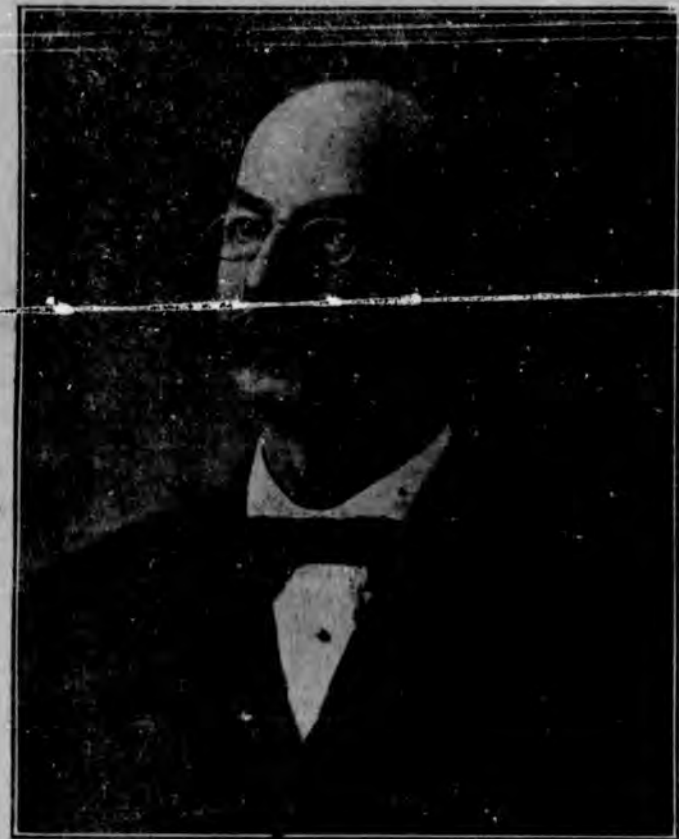
Tampa, Florida

Stating What You Can Furnish for Continuous Shipment.

Leon D. Lamb

ST. CLOUD FLA.

TO THE WHITE DEMOCRATIC VOTERS OF OSCEOLA COUNTY



I hereby announce myself as a candidate for election as the member of the House of Representatives from Osceola County, subject to the will of the Democratic voters in primary election to be held June 11th.

I thoroughly appreciate the honor of serving as a member of the Florida Legislature during the last two sessions, and realize that the knowledge and experience thus acquired will enable me to give better service in another term.

E. P. CARLTON.

Comrade E. P. Carlton passed muster on April 6 at the Osceola hospital after a long illness of cancer of the stomach. He had only been in this city two months, having come from a National Soldier's Home to St. Cloud in hopes of improving. The funeral was held Monday with interment at Mt. Peace cemetery. There were no relatives in the city at the time of his death. He was 82 years old.

Spread Butter Thin—Help the Sam.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the name of Fred Bass, of Kissimmee, as a candidate for representative from Osceola county in the next legislative session, subject to the June primary, if

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner in the primary to be held in June. If elected I will continue to serve the best interests of the county as I have done in the past.

A. F. BASS,

For St. Cloud District.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THE LEGISLATURE

I wish to announce to the voters of Osceola county that I am a candidate for re-election to the office of representative in the legislature, subject to the action of the June primary. Your vote will be appreciated.

N. C. BRYAN.

LODGE DIRECTORY

Odd Fellows

St. Cloud Lodge No. 96, I. O. O. F., meets every Tuesday evening in the G. A. R. Hall. Fred B. Kenney, Secretary. Visiting brothers always welcome.

Loyal Order of Moose, No. 1577, meets every first and second Wednesday, in the Moose Home, Miles Building. L. A. Guesz, Secretary. Visiting members welcome to home at any time and will be given hand of fellowship at all meetings.

Woodmen of the World
Lynn Camp, No. 127, Woodmen of the World, meets every second and fourth Thursday of the month. G. C. Outlaw, Secretary. Visiting members are always welcome.

Daughters of Rebekah
Benevolent Lodge No. 23, Daughters of Rebekah, meet in G. A. R. Hall every second and fourth Mondays, at 7:30 p. m. Mrs. Clara Sims, Secretary. All visiting Rebekahs cordially invited to attend our meetings.

Daughters of Veterans
Mother Bickerdike Tent No. 1, Daughters of Veterans, meet the first and third Tuesdays, at 2 p. m., in the G. A. R. Hall. Mrs. Jennie Reinhardt, President. Jane R. Warner, Secretary.

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

RED CROSS NOTES

Furnished by the St. Cloud Red Cross Chapter.

The Red Cross Chapter of St. Cloud had a busy week as usual. There were workers at the rooms on all days for work.

The monthly Chapter meeting was held Friday afternoon, and the reports of the chairmen of the various committees were very gratifying financially as well as the amount of work for the month of March.

The packing committee had packed and shipped clothing to the Belgian refugees, for which we are grateful to the generous citizens of St. Cloud.

An interesting letter from Mrs. John Somerville, who is in Chicago, was read by Miss Ruth Wylie.

She wrote very enthusiastically of the Red Cross work in Chicago, and urged us to keep the good work going.

Rev. H. H. Bowen, who is in charge of the local Red Cross war fund drive next month, gave us a report and outline of the committee's plans, formulated at the conference at Jacksonville last Wednesday.

Miss Ruth Wylie, Chapter secretary, also attended the conference.

A fitting close to the week's work was the excellent Red Cross program given at the Veterans' Association on last Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. J. B. French and Mrs. Westcott had charge of the program, which will be found in the report of the Veterans' Association given by Wm. P. Lynch, secretary pro tem.

Rev. Weigle and Rev. Brown added very much with their addresses.

A successful lunch and food sale was held Saturday at the old G. A. R. Hall, ending a busy week.

WESTMINSTER CIRCLE

Miss Alexander and the three "Gentle Girls," were hostesses at one of the most delightful meetings of the Circle held this winter, on Tuesday, the 9th, at the home of Mr. Gemmill, on Virginia avenue South. These four ladies have been with us all winter and they have entered so heartily into all church activities that it is with much regret we find the time drawing near when we must lose them. What is our loss will no doubt be somebody's gain in their home towns. They are all neighbors and old-time friends living near each other in central Pennsylvania.

The Presbyterian Home and Foreign Missionary Society will have the April meeting with Mrs. A. Clements, on Indiana avenue, South, on Friday, the 12th. The Missionary Society as well as all other organizations of the church enjoys meeting with Mrs. Clements, who is one of the shut-ins. The subject for the meeting will be "The Freedmen," with Mrs. Rodgers and Mrs. Redfischneider leaders. All are cordially invited to attend these meetings.

The Westminster Circle is practicing for a very interesting entertainment to be given in the near future. This is called a "Kitchen Band," and we are sure it will give general satisfaction. Watch for a notice of time and place later.

Comrade K. C. Bullard, who arrived in St. Cloud Tuesday to visit the families of his two sons, Prof. N. H. and G. F. Bullard, is the owner of a cane made from wood with a history, the head of the cane being made from part of the tree under which Jefferson Davis surrendered, and the body of the cane being made of a part of the stockade at the Andersonville prison. Mr. Bullard made the cane some time ago. The head of the cane is enclosed in gold and silver bands with proper engravings to give the history of the materials of which it is made. The cane is on display at the Seminole Pharmacy.

NO TYPHOID IN BRITISH ARMY

According to a statement made not long ago in the House of Commons by Mr. Forster, financial secretary of the war office, enteric (typhoid) fever has almost completely disappeared from the British army. The last weekly returns showed only four cases in the hospitals of France, 9 at Salonica, 3 in Egypt and 8 in Mesopotamia; a total of 24 cases. Up to November 1, 1916, there had been 1,684 cases of typhoid and 2,534 of para-typhoid, besides 353 indefinite cases, in the army in France; while in the South African war nearly 60,000 cases were admitted to the hospitals and there were 8,227 deaths.—Scientific American.

Buy a bond in the third Liberty Loan; help win the war with your dollars while our young men fight.

RIGGAN'S, THE BUSY STORE

TRY WHITE HOUSE COFFEE. IT'S THE BEST. TRY CHURN GOLD BUTTER—IT WILL PLEASE. TRY OUR BOILED HAM, DRIED BEEF AND SMOKED SAUSAGE. We Sell Everything for the table.

M. E. RIGGAN

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Martin, left Monday for their home in Dakota.

The Loyal Daughters will meet at the Christian church on Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Pearl Creel, of Kissimmee, was the guest of Mrs. J. B. Westcott last Friday.

Mrs. Z. T. McClay was the guest of Mrs. Levi Shambow Wednesday afternoon.

Louis and Bryant Peterson left on Wednesday evening for Cincinnati, where they have accepted positions for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Bate and two daughters, Anna and Madeline, Miss Elsie Smith and sister, left Tuesday for their home at Brownstown, Ill.

Miss Edythe Jenness, who has been spending the winter in Kissimmee, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Westcott on Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

Mr. Wilkes with Maurice Johnson, Mrs. Wm. Johnson, Miss Merle Thomson and Mrs. Thomson, motored to Orlando, Sanford, New Smyrna and Deland Sunday.

James Goff, past commander, Rev. J. B. Westcott, department chaplain and Commander Carl, went to Dade City to attend the department encampment held there this week.

Mrs. E. L. Pherigo, wife of our city electrician, and little daughter, Dorothy, returned home Monday evening after a visit to her parents and grand parents at Miami and Palm Beach.

The Elsie P. McElroy Auxiliary will hold a cycle tea at the home of Mrs. Rose Wood, on Florida avenue and Eighth street, Mrs. Wood will be assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Thompson.

Mrs. Thornberry, who has been in St. Cloud for several weeks enjoying the delightful climate, left Saturday for her home in Monticello, Ill. Mrs. Bert Gessford accompanied her as far as Kissimmee.

Mr. Frank Cary Elwes, of Jacksonville, a former well-known resident of Orange county, has purchased a half interest in Capt. Cope's boat business, which includes the motor boat, Maud, wharves etc.

There were four tables at the 500 party on Tuesday evening given in the St. Cloud Hotel for the benefit of the Red Cross. Mrs. L. D. Frost and Mrs. Mabel Bracey were the hostesses for the occasion.

Mrs. Edith D. Shackleton and son, and daughter, who have been spending the winter with Mrs. Shackleton's father, Comrade Stanton, expect to leave on Saturday to join Major Shackleton, who is stationed at Cleveland, O.

A very enjoyable picnic was held at the home of Miss Mary Kinsman in the western part of the city Saturday. Those present were Misses Cately, Moore, Alexander, Gemill and Mrs. Drought and daughter, Alice.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Gessford are again at their home on Florida avenue, after spending the most of the winter on Carolina avenue, on account of the illness of Mrs. Gessford's father, J. G. Hill, who is much improved at this time.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Stokes of Frost Proof, Fla., and Mrs. Louis Godwin, of Ft. Meade, who have been guests the past week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Montsoda, left this morning for their homes, making the trip in an automobile.

Mrs. Eaton, daughter, visiting, left Tuesday for Bunnell, Fla., where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Harvey for a few days before going on to Rhode Island, where they will make their future home with a son of Mrs. Eaton, who resides there.

Mrs. E. E. Livermore, past department president, Mrs. Fanny Ferguson, Mrs. Samantha Bartlett and Mrs. Julia French, representing the L. L. Mitchell Post, W. R. C., No. 12, left on Monday to attend the Department convention at Dade City.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Gessford spent a very pleasant day Monday with Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Lathrop, the occasion being Mrs. Lathrop's seventy-fifth birthday. Mrs. Hill and Mrs. Lathrop have been friends for fifty years.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Blackman, accompanied their son and wife, who has been visiting in St. Cloud this winter, to St. Augustine Monday morning, returning Wednesday evening. Their son journeyed on to his home in Minnesota. He was delighted with Florida and we hope to have the pleasure of welcoming him again next season.

Never mix wood ashes or lime with any kind of manure, as the lime in the ash will drive off the ammonia.

Business Getters

LITTLE ADS THAT PAY BIG

Classified advertisements five cents per line (eight point type, count six words to the line). Payable in advance. No advertisements will be charged for less than 25 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—One good corner lot, No. 24, Block 239, for \$50; one five-acre tract No. 81, in Section 27, Township 27, Range 30, for twenty dollars; or take both of them for sixty dollars. St. Cloud, Florida property. Address Eli Fenters, 327 Dora St., Jacksonville, Florida. 30-4

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Four of the best business lots close to the new post office. A. E. Drought, St. Cloud, Fla. 31

FOR RENT or Sale—Brick building; two store rooms adjoining above lots. Terms to right parties. A. E. Drought, St. Cloud, Fla. 31

FOUND

FOUND—Cameo Brooch; owner call at Tribune, describe and pay for advertisement. 33-21

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

FEEDING A ZOO IN WAR TIME

Birds, Mammals and Reptiles Must Have Favorite Dainties

There is no more extensive menagerie in the world than the New York Zoological Park, which comprises 300 acres of land and water. There are to be found 5,000 specimens of birds, mammals and reptiles on exhibition in comfortable buildings, yards, dens and cages.

With few exceptions, this large family is fed once a day. To provide food for such a hungry army, with such different tastes, is a problem. Especially is this true under present conditions, for the war has brought on a change in the diet of some of the animals in the zoo. Their daily bill of fare may be said to extend from "A" to "Z," as the list of supplies distributed by the cook begins with apples and ends with zucchini.

A detailed list of the foods consumed in a year by these boarders would be a long one, but mention may be made of some of the products used. Fifty bushels of apples, 580 bunches of bananas, 80 pineapples, 80 pounds of raisins, 20 boxes of oranges, 280 pounds of grapes, 10 dozen peaches, 110 dozen pears, are the delicacies relished by rodents, monkeys and birds, 30 watermelons being enjoyed by the tortoises. The best hay obtainable forms the staff of life for the hoofed animals, being consumed in large quantities.

The pelicans, herons, sea lions and some of the fur-bearing animals consume large quantities of fish, an aggregate of 45,000 pounds, large and small and of various kinds, being required.

The carnivorous animals are in the main fed on horseflesh, beef being at present too high priced for general use. There are delicate appetites which must be satisfied among the boarders. The small birds require 100 pounds of dried flies and ten pounds of mosquitoes. Certain other birds, and the lizards, thrive on 240,000 meal worms, 4,000 pounds of middlings, 1,000 or more pounds of rape seed and 100 lbs. of poppy seed. Zwieback, ground and mixed with other things, is fed to humming birds, 7,000 pounds of this product being used.

The kitchen connected with the zoo is equipped with ranges, hot water supply, kettles, pots, pans, tables, meat blocks, double boilers and ice box; in fact any hotel chef would feel at home with such an extensive and useful outfit. A slaughter house is located in the park, and also a hospital—the finest of its kind—provided with wards for animals which must be quarantined, an operating room, accommodations for nurses on night duty, a research room and a morgue. Numerous pictures illustrate every phase of the life of this interesting community.

LOOKING THROUGH A STEEL AXLE WITH A PERISCOPE

The periscope, so efficient in trench and submarine warfare, now has a pacific application. It promises to avert many accidents resulting from defective locomotive axles.

The axle is bored longitudinally, the size of the bore being ample to permit insertion of the periscope, which is about forty inches long and one and one-half inches in diameter. At one end is a magnifying mirror upon which a light is thrown from the handle. Looking through the periscope, inspectors obtain a clear view of every part of the axle and are enabled to detect the flaws in the steel.

Buy a bond or fight. If you are too old to fight, buy a bond. Buy a bond and help save the world to Democracy.

WANTED

WANTED—A man to make domestic brooms. Apply to W. S. Ayres, St. Cloud, Fla. 27-2

WANTED—500 BABY Alligators. W. T. Angel, The Clyde

MISCELLANEOUS

FARMERS—Send today for a free sample copy of the Florida Farmer and Stockman, published at Jacksonville. Tells about livestock raising, dairying, poultry, citrus fruit and trucking; twice a month at 50c per year; three years \$1. Only livestock and general farming paper in the state. Write today. 31

BAILEY'S AUTO SERVICE

From St. Cloud to Kissimmee: 8:00 A. M., 12:00 P. M., 5:30 P. M. From Kissimmee to St. Cloud: 10:00 A. M., 1:00 P. M., 7:30 P. M. Marine's Drug Store, 51 Residence St., St. Cloud, Fla. Fare 50c each way; express 10c up. Telegraph us to meet any train.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT

In Circuit Court for the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida, in and for Osceola County, in Re Agnes H. Kemper, Petitioner for free dower. To all whom it may concern: You are hereby given notice that the undersigned will on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1918, apply to the Honorable James W. Perkins, as judge of the above court, for a license to take charge of and manage her own estate and property, and to execute a free dower. This the 4th day of April, A. D. 1918. AGNES H. KEMPER. 32-11

MASTER'S SALE

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a final decree, in Chancery, rendered by the Honorable James W. Perkins, Judge of the Circuit Court of the Seventh Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida, in and for Osceola county, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1918, in the case of Dr. A. J. Taylor, complainant, vs. James H. Bailey and Lou Bailey, his wife, defendants, that I, as Special Master in Chancery, will on the first Monday in May, A. D. 1918, and a legal sale day, during the legal hours of sale, offer for sale and sell at public outcry, for cash in hand, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in Kissimmee, Osceola county, Florida, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Osceola, state of Florida, described as follows: The northeast quarter (NE 1/4) of the northeast quarter (NE 1/4) of Section Twenty-two (22), Township twenty-five (25) South, Range twenty-seven (27) East, and further described as Tract No. Four (4), Block "A" of said section, as shown by the map of survey of the Florida Fruit and Truck Land Company, on file in the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court of Osceola County, Florida. Dated this 2nd day of April, A. D. 1918. W. B. CRAWFORD, Special Master. KRIBBS & STEED, Solicitors for Complainant. 32-11

That the nation's resources must be massed back of the army and navy is agreed to by all patriotic citizens. There seems to be difficulty, however, in realizing our individual responsibility in the foregoing statement. The state of Florida is a large part of the resources of this county are the results of your activities and the activities of every other citizen of this county. It is, therefore, your resources which must back the army and navy. What are you doing to fill your part?

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Pat Johnston G. P. Garrett
JOHNSTON & GARRETT
Attorneys-at-Law
Offices: 10, 11, 12, Citizen's Bank Bld., Kissimmee, Fla.

LEWIS O'BRYAN

Attorney at Law
Kissimmee, Fla.

KRIBBS & STEED

Attorneys at Law
Rooms 11 and 12, State Bank Bldg., Kissimmee, Florida

W. B. CRAWFORD

Attorney at Law
Citizens Bank Building
Kissimmee, Florida

MILTON PLEDGER

Attorney at Law
Lesley Bldg., Dade Ave., Kissimmee, Florida

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

O. L. BUCKMASTER
Physician and Surgeon
Office in Conn Building.

DR. E. G. FARRIS
Physician and Surgeon
Office 11th, between Mass and N. Y. St. Cloud, Fla.

DR. J. D. CHUNN
Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone Res. Phone
St. Cloud, Florida.

You have lived for dollars, now let those dollars fight on. They will be true to Old Glory and you. Invest in War Savings Stamps.